

# NEVADA

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

PREPARED BY:

Michele Sullivan, CPA Chief Financial Officer

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	1
List of Principal Officials	12
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	14
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	<u>15</u>
Management's Discussion and Analysis	18
Basic Financial Statements	10
Statements of Net Position	20
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	<u>29</u> <u>31</u>
Statements of Cash Flows	32
Notes to Financial Statements	34
Required Supplementary Information	_
Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	<u>65</u>
Schedules of Contributions - OPEB	67
Schedules of TMWA's Share of Net Pension Liability	69
Schedules of TMWA Contributions - Pension	70
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual	<u>72</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Schedule No. 1 - Net Position by Component	<u>76</u>
Schedule No. 2 - Changes in Net Position	77
Schedule No. 3 - Operating Revenues by Customer Class	<u>78</u>
Schedule No. 4 - Operating Expenses	<u>79</u>
Schedule No. 5 - Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	<u>80</u>
Schedule No. 6 - Capital Contributions by Source	<u>81</u>
Schedule No. 7 - Gallons of Water Sold and Revenues by Category	<u>82</u>
Schedule No. 8 - Ten Largest Customers	<u>83</u>
Schedule No. 9 - Debt Service Coverage Ratios	<u>84</u>
Schedule No. 10 - Schedule of Total Building Permits Issued by Jurisdiction/Member Entity	<u>85</u>
Schedule No. 11 - Selected Demographic and Economic Statistics for Washoe County	86
Schedule No. 12 - Principal Employers	87
Schedule No. 13 - Customer and Water Sales by Category	88
Schedule No. 14 - Schedule of Insurance Coverage	90
Schedule No. 15 - Number of Employees by Identifiable Activity Schedule No. 16 - Current and Historical Water Rates	91
Schedule No. 17 - Selected Operating and Capital Indicators	92
Schedule No. 18 - Schedule of Changes in Debt	93 94
Schedule No. 19 - Debt by Service Connection	95
Compliance Section	20
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	<u>97</u>
Auditor's Comments	<u>99</u>



November 25, 2019

To the Board of Directors, Our Customers, and Bondholders:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Truckee Meadows Water Authority (TMWA) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The purpose of the report is to provide the Board of Directors (Board), our customers, and bondholders as well as other interested parties with reliable financial information about TMWA. TMWA's Finance Department has prepared the CAFR in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this CAFR, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Nevada Revised Statutes and bond covenants require that an independent certified public accounting firm selected by the Board audit TMWA's financial statements on an annual basis. Eide Bailly LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited TMWA's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The independent auditor's report is presented in the Financial Section of this report. TMWA complies with the Local Government Budget and Finance Act as embodied in Chapter 354 and Public Investments as embodied in Chapter 355 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

#### The CAFR consists of four sections:

Introduction Section - This section is comprised of the letter of transmittal which contains information relative to TMWA's background, a listing of TMWA's principal officers, organizational chart and other relevant information to assist the reader in understanding TMWA's operations, financial condition, and accomplishments.

Financial Section - This section consists of TMWA's basic financial statements, supplementary financial information and independent auditor's report on the basic financial statements. This section also includes Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which provides a narrative overview and explanation of the results reflected in the basic financial statements. The financial statements presented in this section were prepared in accordance with GAAP. TMWA's financial activities are reported as an enterprise fund (proprietary fund type).

Statistical Section - This section is comprised of selected financial, operational and demographic information generally presented annually and includes statistics for the past ten years.

Compliance Section - This section consists of information regarding TMWA's compliance with state statutes, in particular, conformance with the Local Government Finance Act.

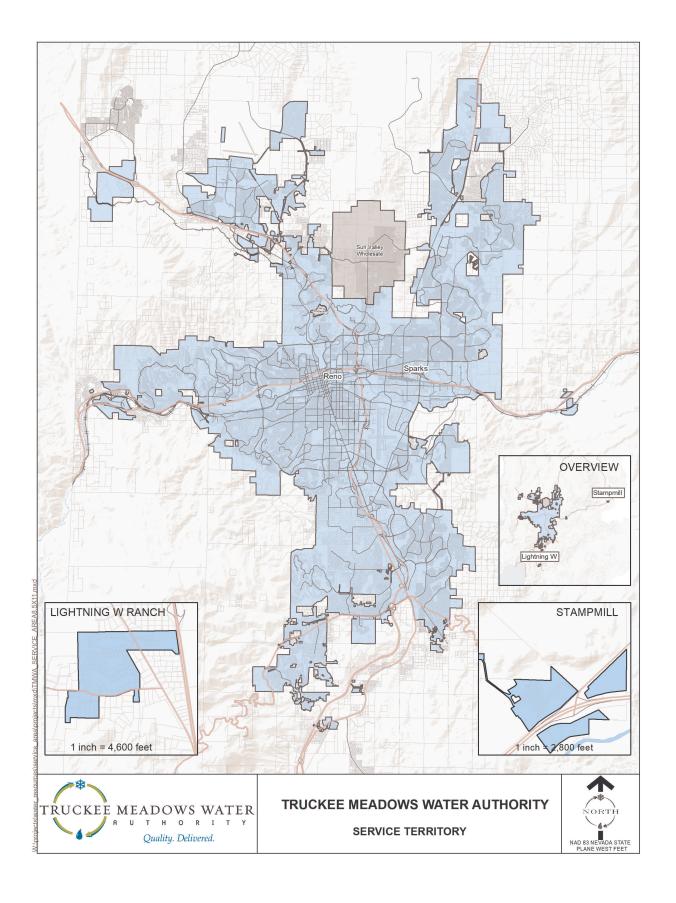
## **REPORTING ENTITY**

TMWA was formed as a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) pursuant to Chapter 277 of the Nevada Revised Statutes and is a political subdivision of the State of Nevada. TMWA is separate from its member agencies: City of Reno, City of Sparks and Washoe County. TMWA was formed in November 2000 for the purpose of acquiring the assets of the water division of Sierra Pacific Power Co. (SPPCo), a subsidiary of Sierra Pacific Resources, now known as NV Energy, with the goal of retaining local control over the water resources of the area. TMWA took over the water system assets on June 11, 2001. Amendments to the JPA were approved by the Attorney General's Office of the State of Nevada effective February 3, 2010. The amendments were made in anticipation of the consolidation of TMWA, Washoe County's water utility and another water utility named South Truckee Meadows General Improvement District (STMGID). The consolidation of the water utilities occurred on January 1, 2015 with TMWA as the continuing entity. There are no component units associated with this financial reporting entity.

TMWA has no financial interdependence with its member agencies. TMWA has broad powers to finance, construct and operate the water system, for the diversion, treatment, distribution, and sale of treated water to retail and wholesale customers. TMWA has full authority to set water rates for services subject to the approval of the TMWA Board, without approval by other entities. TMWA is a tax-exempt entity for purposes of federal taxes and State of Nevada property and sales and use taxes, as well as other state taxes. TMWA pays property taxes in Nevada and Sierra Counties of California for the privilege of storing water in private and federal reservoirs. TMWA has no taxing authority.

TMWA has over 125,000 service connections and one wholesale customer. TMWA operates within the Truckee Meadows service area. TMWA has only one wholesale customer, the Sun Valley General Improvement District (SVGID) located north of the Reno-Sparks main metropolitan area. SVGID is wholly dependent upon TMWA water deliveries since this district has no source of water supply. There is one water delivery contract associated with this wholesale connection.

The following map reflects the TMWA service territory.



The following graph depicts the proportion of operating revenues by class for fiscal year 2019:





The metering of the water system, which began under Sierra Pacific in 1995, presents various operational solutions for TMWA. These solutions present the opportunity to collect accurate data on water usage by customer class. This allows TMWA to make more accurate cost of service analyses, to make water rates more equitable across customer classes, and to better anticipate future water resource and water facility requirements. Since the acquisition of the water system, TMWA has metered nearly 100% of water services. Currently, there are less than 275 water services that do not have a meter installed and are billed on a flat rate and these represent problematic services with multiple customers on a single service line.

The Board adopted a goal in August 2003, to maintain a senior lien debt coverage ratio of at least 1.5 times recurring revenues less operating expenses divided by annual debt service. This calculation excludes developer facility charges and other fees associated with new development. This coverage target is sufficient to meet minimum debt service coverage requirements, fund reconstruction of the water system on primarily a pay-as-you-go basis and manage TMWA's senior lien bonding capacity to allow for potential future senior lien bond sales if necessary. These measures were deemed necessary to maintain water system infrastructure in a prudent manner and insure that

TMWA's bondholders are adequately protected. There are no other restrictions, commitments, or other limitations that would restrict the unrestricted cash assets for use in meeting TMWA's obligations. TMWA's senior lien coverage (excluding developer fees and charges) was approximately 2.90x and with certain developer fees and charges was approximately 3.78x as of June 30, 2019.

# ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND WATER RESOURCES

The Reno-Sparks metropolitan area enjoys a moderate climate, offers a wide variety of year-round recreational opportunities, and has a favorable tax structure. It is also centrally located in the Pacific region affording efficient distribution of goods throughout the western United States. Northern Nevada's favorable business tax environment nurtures steady growth in TMWA's service area and nearby communities in manufacturing, distribution, warehousing and industrial businesses. TMWA's service area has experienced steady growth since TMWA's inception in 2001, with overall population gains in Washoe County of over 30% percent. Taxable sales in Washoe County continues to grow with increases of 3.5%, 6.8% and 5.8% in fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Unemployment rates have decreased significantly since the recession, from highs in 2011 of over 13% to an unemployment rate of 3.4% in June of 2019, which was slightly lower than the national average of 3.7%. Total nonfarm employment increased 6.0% in fiscal year 2019 and 3.9% in fiscal year 2018. The total civilian labor force has also increased 6.0% in fiscal year 2019 and 3.4% in fiscal year 2018. The local economy remains strong and continues to grow with high levels of residential and commercial construction activity.

TMWA's service area also continues to expand. The Board voted in October 2018 to approve annexation of a planned development north of the current service area for retail water service. If the development is completed as planned it will add over 5,000 service connections. The developer will pay for all water line extensions and infrastructure needed to complete the project. In fiscal year 2019, TMWA completed the acquisition of West Reno Water Company's water system. This expanded TMWA's service area to the west where development is planned for over 3,500 service connections. Developer contributions and federal grants will pay for this expansion.

To meet water demands in the future, TMWA prepared a very detailed Water Resource Plan (WRP) for the years 2016-2035 during fiscal year 2016. That plan was adopted by the Board in March 2016, and was previously updated during fiscal year 2010. The WRP addresses current water resources, future water resources, and water rights availability as well as defined drought standards which conclude that TMWA can utilize the aforementioned water resources to meet incremental water demands required by growth for the next twenty years and beyond. The focal point of the WRP is the population and water demand forecasts for the TMWA consolidated water utility service territory. TMWA is in the process of drafting an updated WRP for the years 2020-2040.

To complement this water resource planning effort, a comprehensive Water Facility Plan (WFP) for the years 2015-2035 was developed. The original WFP was adopted by the TMWA Board in December of 2004 and updated in 2010. The WFP evaluates the infrastructure required to supply, treat and deliver water to customers over the life of the plan and determines infrastructure requirements needed in the Capital Improvement Plan to serve growth based upon population and water demand forecasts in the WRP.

Since inception, TMWA has made and will continue to make strategic water rights acquisitions to ensure sufficient inventory of water rights are available to issue will-serve commitments for the foreseeable future. Any given year, as much as 80% or more of the water supply to TMWA's service area is supplied from surface water from the Truckee River. As such, TMWA played a critical role in negotiating and implementing the Truckee River Operating Agreement (TROA). TMWA is a primary signatory to the TROA along with the Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe (PLPT), the States of Nevada and California, and the Federal Government. TROA is intended to provide TMWA customers with benefits regarding a new, revised operation of the Truckee River system that provides additional drought supplies for existing as well as new customers. These lengthy and complex negotiations, which include interstate allocations of Truckee River water rights, were concluded when TROA was signed by the aforementioned parties on September 6, 2008 at a signing ceremony in Reno. TMWA made available to the PLPT certain water rights that met requirements to put TROA into effect in October 2015. In November 2015, remaining related lawsuits were dismissed and TROA became effective December 1, 2015 providing significant additional drought resources for TMWA's service area and completing a multi-decade effort.

TMWA owns and operates 27,000 acre-feet of reservoir storage comprised of 9,500 and 17,500 acre-feet in Donner Lake and Independence Lake, respectively (both owned and controlled by TMWA). In addition to the owned storage, as a result of TROA, TMWA can access additional storage capacity in certain federal lakes and reservoirs, including Lake Tahoe. Currently, TMWA has between 30,000 and 40,000 acre feet stored in these reservoirs.

To further drought resiliency for the community that TMWA serves, TMWA constructed the North Valley's Integration Project which ties in the Fish Springs Ranch infrastructure into TMWA's North Valleys water system providing access to approximately 8,000 acre feet of groundwater resources in the Honey Lake ground water basin which is located approximately 35 miles north of the Reno-Sparks metropolitan area. This project was completed in fiscal year 2017.

Since the implementation of TROA, TMWA's Privately Owned Stored Water (POSW) has more than doubled. Higher than average precipitation in Western Nevada during the winter of 2018/2019 allowed for TMWA's reservoirs to fill to near maximum capacity, which essentially guarantees normal river flows and water supply for the next two to three years. When combining TMWA's existing POSW surface water resources, the groundwater resources of the Honey Lake basin, the extensive drought storage benefits of TROA and the expansion of Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR) groundwater recharge efforts, the TMWA service area is well positioned with regards to drought resiliency.

#### **Water Resource Sustainability Program**

In fiscal year 2019 the TMWA Board established the Water Resource Sustainability Program. This program provides funding for projects benefiting TMWA's water resources. Such projects would include expanded conjunctive use, aquifer storage and recovery, demonstration and validation of exceptional quality reclaimed water uses and any other project that enhances water resource sustainability and drought resiliency. This program is funded by Rule 7 proceeds which previously were used to fund the Water Meter Retrofit Program. For every acre-foot of new surface water demand, developers and others pay \$1,600 to provide funding for this program.

# WATER QUALITY

TMWA's highest priority is the protection of public health through modern water treatment techniques and water quality monitoring efforts. TMWA's primary source of water is the Truckee River, which sources at Lake Tahoe and other tributaries to the Truckee River, travels into Nevada through the Reno-Sparks Metropolitan area with the terminus of the river at Pyramid Lake, a distance of approximately 120 miles. The river's water quality is excellent; however, additional steps are taken to purify the water to meet safe drinking water standards that were set forth by the United States Department of Environmental Protection in the early 1990's. TMWA owns and operates the 84 million gallons per day (MGD) Chalk Bluff Water Treatment Plant and the 37.5 MGD Glendale Water Treatment Plant. In order to further diversify the water supply, TMWA is in the process of constructing a 4 MGD surface water treatment plant in the Southern service area. Attesting to TMWA's commitment to the protection of public health, TMWA's Chalk Bluff Water Treatment Plant received the Presidents Award from the Partnership for Safe Water in 2015. This prestigious recognition places the Chalk Bluff plant as one of 44 surface water treatment plants in the United States that have been so recognized. This recognition exemplifies TMWA staff's experience, passion, and commitment to producing and delivering outstanding water quality to customers. TMWA has requalified for this award successfully on an annual basis.

TMWA spends approximately \$1 million annually monitoring water quality by analyzing nearly 15,000 samples covering approximately 20,000 constituents at over 270 locations throughout the TMWA water system to insure compliance with all current drinking water standards promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, and administered by the Nevada Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Safe Drinking Water.

#### WATER CONSERVATION

Efficient use of water within the Truckee Meadows extends this vital resource through periods of drought in this high desert climate. Therefore, water conservation has been, and will continually be, a high-priority at TMWA. Not only does conservation promote water-efficient behavior, such efforts also reduce peak-day demand and help defer future investments in costly improvements to infrastructure. The purpose of water conservation at TMWA is to promote smart use of water through several programs. During a Drought Situation, TMWA enhances its conservation efforts to ensure drought storage is sufficient over the drought period.

# **Water-Efficiency Codes**

TMWA's Rule 2 provides water-efficiency codes to which customers must adhere. First, customers must not use water excessively (i.e., no waste). TMWA also requires that its customers adhere to a three-day-a-week irrigation schedule. This watering restriction helps prevent overwatering, as well as, reduces peak-day demand. TMWA also requires no irrigation on Mondays to allow its system to recharge. Additionally, TMWA requires no irrigation between noon and 6 p.m. from Memorial Day to Labor Day. These water-efficiency codes have been successful in managing customer demands over time.

# **The Water Meter Retrofit Program**

Under TMWA's Water Meter Retrofit Program, unmetered services were retrofitted with a meter. Customers without meters pay a flat, monthly water rate, thus have no simple way to know their water usage and have less monetary incentive to conserve. Through a charge of \$1,830 for every acre-foot of new surface water demand, developers and others have provided funding for this program. Due to the success of this program, TMWA estimates less than 275 water services do not have a meter installed. In fiscal year 2019, the Water Meter Retrofit Program was replaced by the Water Resource Sustainability Program.

# **Water Pricing Structure**

TMWA has an inverted, tiered-rate billing structure in which customers are charged increasing rates based on the amount of water they use. This billing structure provides a "price signal" to customers who cross into a higher tier, thereby encouraging efficient use of water.

## Water Usage Review Program

The Water Usage Review Program assists TMWA customers with issues with their water meter or their water delivery system. When a water usage review is requested, TMWA staff will go onsite to check meter accuracy as well as detect for leaks in the customer's system. If a leak is detected, staff will work with the customer to attempt to identify the leak source. Staff will also review the usage history of the service to determine water usage behavior. Once completed, staff will notify the customer regarding any leaks that were detected, make recommendations on how to reduce water consumption, and teach customers how to check for leaks in the future.

# **Water Watcher Program**

During the irrigation months (April to October), TMWA ramps up its conservation efforts by hiring additional seasonal conservation consultants. These consultants are trained to monitor the TMWA service territory and ensure its water-efficiency codes are being adhered to. They also respond to water waste reports by the public. They provide customers with information about TMWA's water-efficiency codes and identify any leaks or sources of water waste in outdoor irrigation. This program not only promotes efficient use of water, but also facilitates lower monthly bills.

# **Landscape Retrofit Program**

The Landscape Retrofit Program promotes water-efficiency measures on municipal landscapes. The program includes financial support of landscape augmentation projects by institutional irrigators. Projects supported under this program promote replacement of turf grass with drought-tolerant vegetation, tree conservation, and smart landscaping educational programs.

# **Water Conservation Education Program**

TMWA has a strong educational program designed to teach customers about the benefits of conservation and techniques that can help them use water responsibly. Educational initiatives include a free workshop series, direct communication (bill inserts, emails, in-person, etc.), public presentations and events, as well as, a multi-media campaign. TMWA also partners with other local organizations to provide grade school students in the Truckee Meadows with information regarding our water sources, water quality and watershed protection.

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Internal Controls**

TMWA employs various internal controls for the safeguarding of assets against losses from unauthorized use or disposition. TMWA's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to meet these objectives. Another purpose of internal controls is to ensure that accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. When establishing or reviewing internal controls, management weighs the cost to implement such controls over the benefits derived from implementing such controls. TMWA's management is constantly looking for opportunities to improve or redesign internal controls. A key component of TMWA's internal controls is its budgetary controls.

## **Budgetary Controls**

TMWA is legally required to prepare, present to the TMWA Board and adopt an annual budget in conformance with Chapter 354 of the Nevada Revised Statutes. These statutes comprise the Administration of Local Government Finance Act, which stipulates that the Board be presented with a tentative budget by April 15 of each year, with formal adoption of the budget after a public hearing in May of each year. The adopted budget is then filed with the Nevada Department of Taxation.

TMWA is also required to prepare a Capital Improvement Plan for review and formal acceptance by the TMWA Board. This plan is a comprehensive compilation of all capital projects and capital outlays expected during the ensuing five fiscal year period. TMWA's Board is kept informed of TMWA's financial performance throughout the fiscal year at scheduled Board meetings. The General Manager, as the chief administrative officer, is authorized to approve all expenses that are within the approved budget. This authority is conferred upon the General Manager by virtue of the TMWA Cooperative Agreement between the City of Reno, City of Sparks, and the County of Washoe. This arrangement allows for the efficient operation of TMWA. TMWA routinely prepares five year financial forecasts in conjunction with the Capital Improvement Plan.

# **BUDGET ANALYSIS AND VARIANCES**

Actual total operating revenues of \$107.1 million were \$0.2 million or 0.2% above the final budget for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Charges for water sales were \$101.5 million or 0.9% over budget. TMWA's water sales can fluctuate from budget based on weather conditions, especially during the spring and fall. During fiscal year 2019, water sales were higher early in the year due to dry, hot fall months, but then dropped during the spring months due to cool and wet weather conditions. Ultimately, water sales ended up very close to budget for the fiscal year.

Total operating expenses of \$92.5 million were approximately \$0.9 million under the budget of \$93.3 million. Operating expenses before depreciation were \$0.2 million over budget which is a variance of less than 1%. Service and supplies expenses were \$0.2 million under budget, a variance of 1%. All essential maintenance was performed and there were no major unplanned expenses incurred during the year. Spending on operating salaries and wages and employee benefits were both within 1% of budget.

Total net nonoperating revenues and expenses were \$4.1 million favorable to budget. This variance was primarily due to higher investment earnings. TMWA realized higher interest rates on investments early in the fiscal year, which helped to increase investment return.

Capital contributions of \$42.2 million were \$25.5 million above budget. Cash contributions from developers were \$7.1 million greater than budget and were attributable to increasing levels of residential construction activity as the local economy improves. Developer infrastructure contributions are not included in the budget, but total \$19.1 million in noncash contributions in fiscal year 2019.

Total capital spending was approximately \$41.3 million for fiscal year 2019, which was approximately \$11.0 million less than the \$52.3 million planned in the final capital budget. The underspend is due to various projects having been deferred to future years.

As reflected in the Statement of Cash Flows, TMWA funded the operating budget, debt service requirements and capital spending from operating revenues, capital contributions and investment income. As of June 30, 2019, TMWA has approximately \$153.1 million of unrestricted cash and investments to fund future operations and capital projects.

TMWA's renewal and replacement reserve is fully funded at \$10 million. The operations and maintenance reserve fund, which TMWA is required to maintain at a balance equal to one-sixth of TMWA's revised final operating budget, contained \$9.9 million as of June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2019 TMWA retained a \$9.2 million water rate stabilization reserve of which \$0.5 million is restricted and \$8.7 million is included as a reservation of unrestricted net position. The Board voted in September, 2018 to significantly increase the unrestricted portion of the rate stabilization reserve from \$1.3 million to \$8.7 million to allow for a deferral in water rate increases if needed.

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The timely preparation of this report could not be done without the assistance of TMWA finance personnel, the management team and employees of TMWA. We would like to thank the Board, TMWA customers, and the development community, for their commitment to the long-term operational and financial stewardship of TMWA.

Mark Foree, P.E. General Manager

Mart Force

Michele Sullivan, CPA Chief Financial Officer

Michele Sullivan

# Truckee Meadows Water Authority List of Principal Officials June 30, 2019

## TMWA Board of Directors

Vaughn Hartung, Washoe County Commissioner, Chairman of the Board

Kristopher Dahir, City of Sparks Council Member, Vice Chairman

Paul Anderson, City of Sparks Council Member

Jeanne Herman, Washoe County Commissioner

Jenny Brekhus, City of Reno Council Member

Naomi Duerr, City of Reno Council Member

Neoma Jardon, City of Reno Council Member

# Management

Mark Foree, PE, General Manager

Scott Estes, PE, Director of Engineering

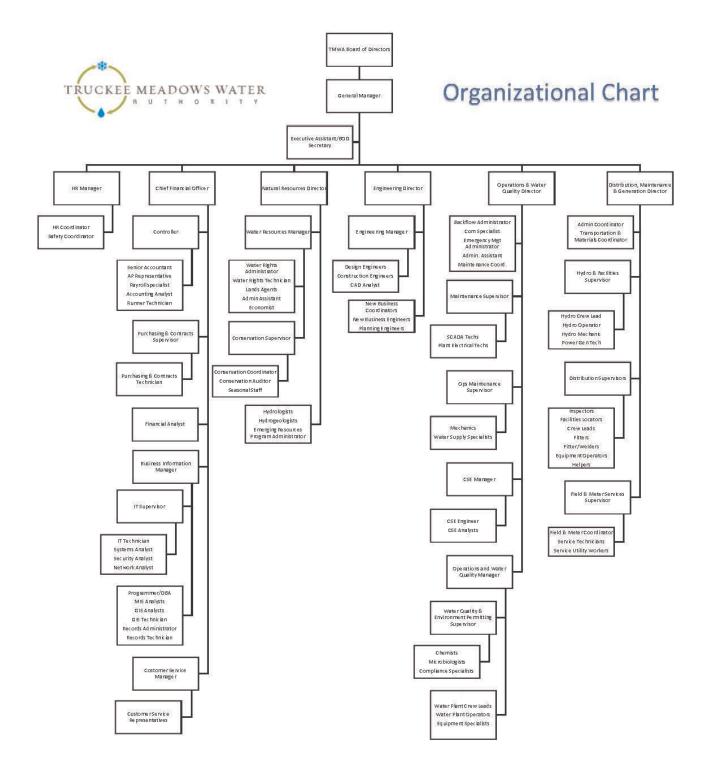
Mike Pagni, General Counsel

John Enloe, Director of Natural Resources Planning and Management

Andy Gebhardt, Director of Operations and Water Quality

Pat Nielson, Director of Distribution, Maintenance, and Generation

Michele Sullivan, CPA, Chief Financial Officer





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Truckee Meadows Water Authority
Nevada

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors Truckee Meadows Water Authority Reno, Nevada

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Truckee Meadows Water Authority (TMWA), which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the TMWA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of TMWA, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 18 through 28, the schedules of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 65 through 66, the schedules of contributions - OPEB on pages 67 through 68, the schedules of TMWA's share of net pension liability on page 69, and the schedules of TMWA contributions – Pension on page 70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise TMWA's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the schedules of revenues, expenses and changes in net position – budget and actual, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of revenues, expenses and changes in net position – budget and actual are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of revenues, expenses and changes in net position – budget and actual are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2019, on our consideration of TMWA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of TMWA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering TMWA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Reno, Nevada

November 25, 2019

Esde Saelly LLP

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of TMWA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents management's discussion and analysis of TMWA's financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, June 30, 2018, and June 30, 2017. This section should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and TMWA's financial statements following this section.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

# **TMWA's Net Position**

(in millions)

					R	estated
	June	2019	Jun	e 30, 2018	June	e 30, 2017
Unrestricted Current Assets	\$	171.1	\$	164.1	\$	149.2
Restricted Current Assets		15.7		13.3		8.6
Long-Term Restricted and Other Assets		29.5		32.9		33.7
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset				0.2		
Capital Assets, net		980.7		952.7		941.7
Total Assets		1,197.0		1,163.2		1,133.2
Deferred Outflow of Resources		14.1		14.5		17.9
Total Assets & Deferred Outflow of Resources		1,211.1		1,177.7		1,151.1
Total Current Liabilities		49.1		59.0		108.5
Long Term Debt Outstanding		401.7		409.2		372.3
Net Pension Liability		37.7		37.3		35.8
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		1.9		0.8		1.7
Total Liabilities		490.4		506.3		518.3
Deferred Inflow of Resources		2.5		3.4		2.5
Net Investment in Capital Assets		573.2		533.1		506.7
Restricted		29.4		30.1		28.6
Unrestricted		115.7		104.9		95.0
Total Net Position	\$	718.3	\$	668.1	\$	630.3

#### Financial Position

# Fiscal Year 2019 Summary

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, total net position increased by approximately \$50.1 million, the result of recording operating income, net nonoperating income and capital contributions.

Total Unrestricted Current Assets increased by \$7.0 million from June 30, 2018. Unrestricted cash increased \$5.4 million due to increases in investment income, higher operating revenues, and continued growth in the service area which increases cash contributions from developers. Total cash and investment balances, both restricted and unrestricted increased by \$4.4 million in fiscal year 2019.

Most of TMWA's net position is in Capital Assets. Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation increased by \$28.0 million in fiscal year 2019 as increases in capital assets from capital expenditures and contributions were greater than depreciation expense. Assets built by developers and contributed to TMWA were \$19.1 million. These assets are built to TMWA's standards and specifications. TMWA began construction in fiscal year 2019 on a new treatment plant and spent \$9.1 million on construction. Construction on this project should be complete in fall of 2020. Depreciation expense was \$32.8 million.

Total Current Liabilities decreased by \$9.9 million mainly due to decreases in commercial paper. TMWA paid off \$6.5 million of its commercial paper. Other current liabilities, including vendor accounts payable, and due to other governments were \$4.8 million lower than prior year due to timing of payments. Offsetting these decreases was an increase of \$0.7 million in contacts and retention payable, and an increase of \$0.7 million in interest payable at year end.

Long Term Debt decreased \$7.5 million, mainly due to amortization of bond premiums of \$4.7 million, and principal payments on debt of \$2.7 million.

During fiscal year 2019, TMWA booked additional liabilities of \$1.4 million related to retirement benefits. These accruals are based on an actuarial analysis. Detailed information about TMWA's postretirement benefits can be found in Notes 10 and 11 to TMWA's financial statements.

# Fiscal Year 2018 Summary

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, total net position increased by approximately \$37.7 million, the result of recording operating income, net nonoperating income and capital contributions.

Total Unrestricted Current Assets increased by \$14.9 million from June 30, 2017. Unrestricted cash increased \$15.5 million due to continued growth in the service area which increases cash contributions from developers. Total cash and investment balances, both restricted and unrestricted increased by \$19.3 million in fiscal year 2018.

Most of TMWA's net position is in Capital Assets. Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation increased by \$11.0 million in fiscal year 2018 as increases in capital assets from capital expenditures and contributions were greater than depreciation expense. Assets built by developers and contributed to TMWA were \$15.0 million. These assets are built to TMWA's standards and specifications. Depreciation expense was \$32.8 million.

Total Current Liabilities decreased by \$49.6 million mainly due to decreases in commercial paper. TMWA paid off \$9.2 million of its commercial paper, and refunded another \$44.2 million into long term fixed rate senior lien bonds. Decreases in commercial paper were offset by an increase of \$2.3 million in interest payable at year end, mainly due to the timing of the 2017 bond refunding which resulted in more interest payments on that debt prior to year end fiscal 2017. Other current liabilities, including vendor accounts payable, retention and contracts payable were \$1.5 million higher than prior year due to timing of vendor payments.

Long Term Debt Outstanding increased \$36.9 million due to the refunding of \$44.2 million of commercial paper, which resulted in long term senior lien debt of \$38.8 million, with a premium on the sale of \$5.8 million.

During fiscal year 2018 GASB Statement No. 75 related to postretirement medical benefits was adopted. Based on an actuarial analysis, TMWA booked a net asset for its Section 501-c-9 plan known as the TMWA Post-Retirement Medical Plan and Trust (PRMPT) of \$0.2 million as of June 30, 2018. This plan was slightly overfunded as of the actuarial measurement date of December 31, 2017. The Section 115 Trust plan measurement date was the same, and TMWA booked a liability of \$0.8 million for this plan.

# **TMWA's Changes in Net Position**

(in millions)

					Rest	ated
	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30	0, 2017
Orangia Branna	¢.	107.1	¢.	101.0	¢	07.2
Operating Revenues	\$	107.1	\$	101.8	\$	97.3
Operating Expenses		92.5		90.3		82.3
Operating Income		14.6		11.5		15.0
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) net		(6.7)		(11.2)		(11.7)
Income before Capital Contributions		7.9		0.3		3.3
Capital Contributions		42.2		37.4		43.4
Change in Net Position		50.1		37.7		46.7
Net Position - BOY		668.1		630.4		585.0
Restatement of Beginning Net Position (Deficit)		_				(1.3)
Net Position - EOY	\$	718.2	\$	668.1	\$	630.4

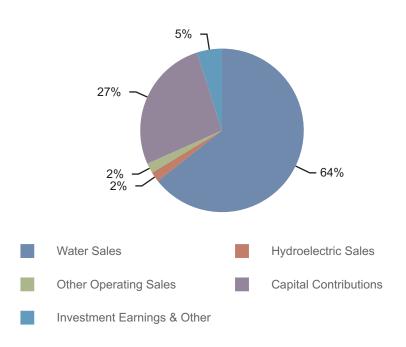
# TMWA's Revenues

(In millions)

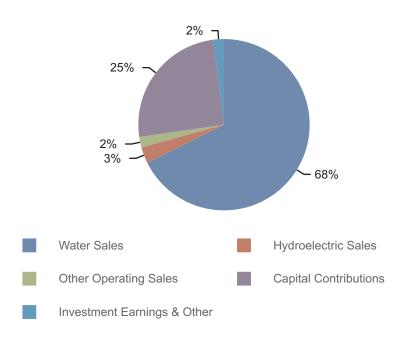
	<b>June 30, 2019</b>		June 30, 2018		June 30	, 2017
Revenues						
Operating Revenues						
Water Sales	\$	101.5	\$	95.2	\$	92.7
Hydroelectric Sales		2.6		3.8		1.8
Other Operating Sales		3.0		2.9		2.8
		107.1		101.9		97.3
Nonoperating Revenues						_
Investment Earnings		4.4		2.3		7.2
Other		2.8		0.1		
		7.2		2.4		7.2
Capital Contributions		42.2		37.4		43.4
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	156.5	\$	141.7	\$	147.9

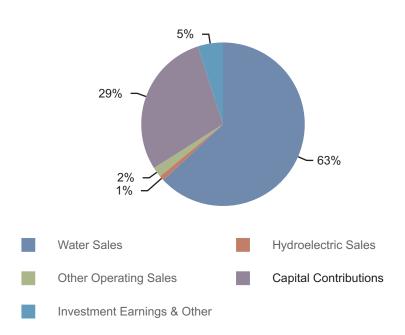
The table above and the graphs that follow represent the makeup of TMWA's total revenues for fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017:

**Total Revenues for the Year Ended June 30, 2019** 



**Total Revenues for the Year Ended June 30, 2018** 





# **Total Revenues for the Year Ended June 30, 2017**

# Results of Operations-Revenues

#### Fiscal Year 2019 Summary

For fiscal year 2019, total operating revenues increased \$5.3 million from fiscal year 2018. Water Sales were \$101.5 million, \$6.3 million or 6.6% greater than in fiscal year 2018. Water Sales were higher mainly due to a 3% rate increase implemented in the first billing cycle of May, 2018. Growth in the service area and higher usage per customer account for the additional increase. Hydroelectric Sales were \$1.1 million or 30.2% less than fiscal year 2018, due to downtime for repairs at the hydroelectric plants.

Investment earnings were \$4.4 million in fiscal year 2019, \$2.1 million higher than fiscal year 2018. This is mainly due to investments made at higher yields, and higher cash balances. Other nonoperating revenues increased \$2.7 million from an increase in fair value of investments of \$2.8 million. In 2018, there was a gain on disposal of assets of \$0.1 million.

For fiscal year 2019, capital contributions increased by \$4.8 million. Increased developer contributed infrastructure at \$19.1 million, resulted in an increase of \$4.1 million due to a continued upward trend in construction in the service area. Contributions to the water meter retrofit program were \$1.4 million lower than 2018 due to decreased sales of surface water will-serve rights by \$2.0 million, as well as phase out of this fee for a new water sustainability fee implemented in January, 2019. This new sustainability fee related to surface water will-serve rights resulted in \$0.7 million in contributions. Contributions from developer facility charges increased \$2.7 million. Grants income increased by \$0.5 million, and other capital contributions increased by \$0.2 million.

# Fiscal Year 2018 Summary

For fiscal year 2018, total operating revenues increased \$4.5 million from fiscal year 2017. Water Sales were \$95.2 million, \$2.5 million or 2.7% greater than in fiscal year 2017. Water Sales were higher mainly due to a 3% rate increase implemented in the first billing cycle of May, 2017. Hydroelectric Sales were \$2.0 million or 110.0% greater than fiscal year 2017, due to consistently high river flows and very little downtime for repairs at the hydroelectric plants.

Investment Earnings were \$2.3 million in fiscal year 2018, \$4.9 million lower than fiscal year 2017. This is mainly due to termination of two forward delivery agreements, one with JP Morgan, and one with Bank of New York Mellon, as part of the 2017 bond refunding. These banks are no longer required to provide a 5.5% interest rate on a portion of TMWA's debt reserves and O&M reserves balances, so they paid TMWA \$5.1 million dollars for the release of these commitments.

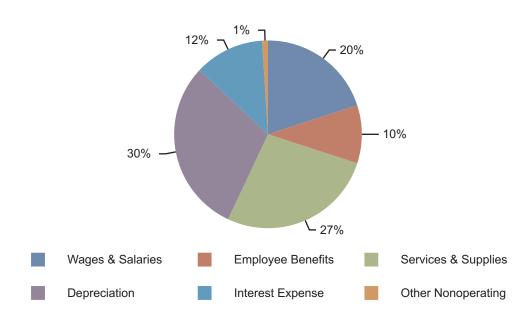
For fiscal year 2018, Capital Contributions decreased by \$5.9 million. This decrease was primarily due to a contribution received in fiscal year 2017 from NV Energy (NVE) from a court awarded payment by their insurers for flood damage to the Farad Hydroelectric Plant river diversion dam for \$11.8 million, that was paid to TMWA in accordance with an agreement with NVE. Offsetting was increased developer contributed infrastructure at \$15.0 million, an increase of \$4.2 million due to a continued upward trend in development in the service area. Contributions to the water meter retrofit program were \$2.0 million higher than 2017 due to increased sales of surface water will-serve rights which resulted in the collection of this fee. Other contributions were \$0.4 million lower than prior year.

TMWA's Expenses (in millions)

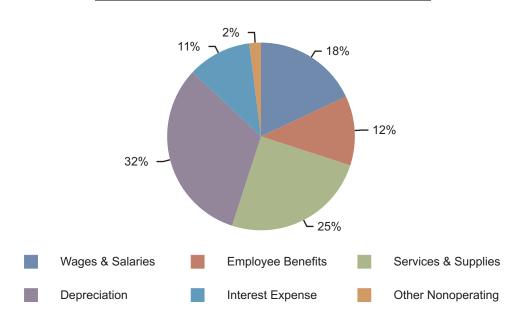
	<b>.</b>	20 2010		20. 2010		estated
	June	30, 2019	June	30, 2018	June	30, 2017
Expenses						
Operating Expenses						
Wages & Salaries	\$	21.0	\$	18.7	\$	17.3
Employee Benefits		10.2		12.9		8.9
Services & Supplies		28.5		25.8		24.0
Depreciation		32.8		32.8		32.2
		92.5		90.2		82.4
Nonoperating Expenses						
Interest Expense		13.3		11.7		17.0
Other Nonoperating Expenses		0.7		1.9		1.8
		14.0		13.6		18.8
<b>Total Expenses</b>	\$	106.5	\$	103.8	\$	101.2

The table above and the graphs that follow represent the makeup of total operating and non-operating expenses for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017:

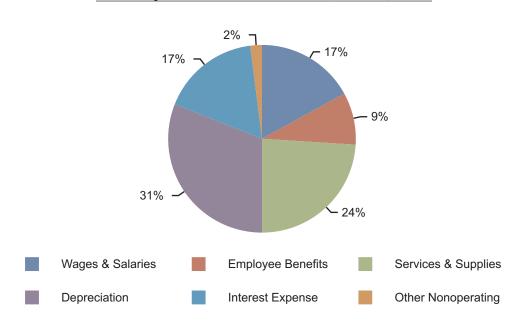
**Total Expenses for the Year Ended June 30, 2019** 



**Total Expenses for the Year Ended June 30, 2018** 



**Total Expenses for the Year Ended June 30, 2017** 



# Results of Operations-Expenses

# Fiscal Year 2019 Summary

Operating expenses were \$92.5 million, \$2.2 million or 2.4% higher than fiscal year 2018. Spending on Wages and Salaries was \$2.2 million or 11.9% higher, due to a wage increase of approximately 3%, additional employees of 7%, and promotions. Employee Benefits were \$2.7 million or 21.2% lower mainly due to a \$4.6 million adjustment to pension expense related to GASB Statement No. 82 in 2018, offset by higher expenses related to increased headcount and wages. Spending on Services and Supplies was \$2.6 million or 10.2% more than prior year, mainly due to \$0.7 million in higher chemical costs, \$0.5 million in higher power costs, a \$0.4 million increase in donations to the Truckee River Fund, and general price increases in other operating supplies.

Net Nonoperating Expenses were unfavorable \$0.4 million as compared to prior year. Higher interest expense in 2019 by \$1.6 million was due to the 2018 bond refunding, which replaced a portion of TMWA's commercial paper with fixed rate bonds. TMWA refunded this commercial paper because bond rates were low, providing an opportunity to fix rates on balances in commercial paper that were not expected to be paid off in the next five years. Other Nonoperating Expenses were \$1.2 million favorable mainly due to decreases in fair value of investments in 2018 of \$0.9 million, higher amortization expense by \$0.7 million in 2018, offset by a loss on disposal off assets of \$0.2 million in 2019 and a \$0.2 million increase in other nonoperating expenses in 2019.

# Fiscal Year 2018 Summary

Operating expenses were \$90.3 million, \$8.0 million or 9.7% higher than fiscal year 2017. Spending on Wages and Salaries was \$1.5 million or 8.6% higher, due to a wage increase of approximately 3%, promotions and addition of 12 employees. Six of the new employees were hired into apprenticeships to prepare for retirements occurring in the next two to three years. Employee Benefits were \$4.0 million or 44.7% higher mainly due to a \$4.6 million adjustment to pension expense related to GASB Statement No. 82, offset by lower pension expense allocation from NVPERS by \$0.6 million, and \$0.2 million lower other post retirement medical expense. Detailed information about TMWA's postretirement benefit plans can be found in Note 11 to TMWA's financial statements. Spending on Services and Supplies was \$1.9 million or 7.7% more than prior year, mainly due to \$1.3 million in maintenance expenses for dredging the channel at the Donner Lake dam.

Net Nonoperating Expenses were favorable \$5.4 million as compared to prior year. Lower interest expense in 2018 by \$5.2 million was due to the 2017 bond refunding. Other Nonoperating Expenses were \$0.2 million unfavorable due to decrease in fair value of investments.

# **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At June 30, 2019, TMWA's total capital assets were \$1,435.0 million before accumulated depreciation of \$454.3 million, for a net book value of \$980.7 million. Included in the total capital assets reported on the Statement of Net Position was \$56.4 million in construction work in progress.

At June 30, 2018, TMWA's total capital assets were \$1,374.3 million before accumulated depreciation of \$421.6 million, for a net book value of \$952.7 million. Included in the total capital assets reported on the Statement of Net Position was \$29.2 million in construction work in progress.

Detailed information about TMWA's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to TMWA's financial statements.

## **LONG-TERM DEBT**

At June 30, 2019, TMWA had \$428.0 million in total reported debt outstanding. This amount reflects \$380.7 million in total outstanding principal indebtedness, and \$47.3 million net bond premium. Of the \$380.7 million in total reported debt outstanding, \$26.3 million was due within in one year and is classified as short term indebtedness. Included in short term debt is TMWA's tax exempt commercial paper notes (TECP). TMWA intends to re-market the \$23.5 million in outstanding tax-exempt commercial paper notes as maturities come due, but all the TECP is classified as a short term indebtedness since the TECP notes mature in less than or equal to 270 days.

Total outstanding principal indebtedness of \$380.7 million as of June 30, 2019 reflects a decrease of \$9.2 million or 2.4% from total outstanding principal of \$389.9 million as of June 30, 2018. Total outstanding principal indebtedness of \$389.9 million as of June 30, 2018 reflects a decrease of \$17.2 million or 4.2% from total outstanding principal of \$407.1 million as of June 30, 2017.

During fiscal year 2018 and 2019, TMWA maintained credit ratings from Standard and Poor's of AA+, outlook Stable, from Moody's of Aa2, outlook Stable, and from Fitch of A+, outlook Stable. Subsequent to year end, in September, 2019, Fitch upgraded TMWA's rating to AA-, outlook Positive.

Detailed information about TMWA's indebtedness can be found in Note 6 to TMWA's financial statements.

# CONTACTING TMWA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report was prepared for the benefit of the customers, bond investors, and the Board of Directors of the Truckee Meadows Water Authority. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared to provide interested parties with a general overview of the Truckee Meadows Water Authority's accountability for the financial resources it manages. For questions or additional information, please contact the Truckee Meadows Water Authority's Finance Department at P.O. Box 30013, Reno, Nevada 89509-3013.

		2019	2018		
Assets					
Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Due from others	\$	153,131,648 14,637,242 332,456	\$	147,708,109 13,588,805 309,092	
Due from other governments		432,586		312,954	
Interest receivable		769,266		782,611	
Prepaid assets and other assets		1,810,519		1,436,188	
		171,113,717		164,137,759	
Restricted current assets					
Cash and investments					
Water meter retrofit program		5,711,052		4,717,726	
Water resource sustainability program		689,060			
Current bond debt service		9,283,775		8,538,712	
		15,683,887		13,256,438	
Total current assets		186,797,604		177,394,197	
Restricted noncurrent assets Cash and investments					
Future bond debt service		2,376,329		3,286,363	
Operations and maintenance		9,912,052		9,440,056	
Renewal and replacement		16,214,654		19,180,630	
Water rate stabilization		500,000		500,000	
		29,003,035		32,407,049	
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets, not depreciated		186,576,533		159,065,468	
Capital assets, depreciated		794,103,532		793,652,691	
Other noncurrent assets		480,255		506,069 232,223	
Net other postemployment benefits			_	232,223	
		981,160,320		953,456,451	
Total noncurrent assets	1	1,010,163,355	_	985,863,500	
Total assets	1	1,196,960,959		1,163,257,697	
Deferred Outflow of Resources					
Bond refundings		2,724,979		2,939,628	
Net pension liability		10,546,937		11,138,222	
Other postemployment benefits		791,303	_	443,895	
Total deferred outflow of resources		14,063,219	_	14,521,745	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 1	1,211,024,178	\$	1,177,779,442	

	2019	2018
Liabilities Current liabilities payable from unrestricted current assets Accounts payable Contracts and retention payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Accrued interest payable Current portion of long-term debt Customer deposits and amounts due to developers	\$ 1,565,435 4,874,567 4,126,273 1,525,588 306,226 25,404,058 2,021,318	\$ 4,373,577 4,209,220 4,028,764 2,864,640 347,867 31,854,526 2,766,275
Current liabilities payable from restricted current assets Current portion of long-term debt Interest payable	39,823,465 925,000 8,358,775 9,283,775	50,444,869 885,000 7,653,712 8,538,712
Total current liabilities	49,107,240	58,983,581
Noncurrent liabilities Net pension liability Long-term debt, net of current portion Net other postemployment benefits liability	37,658,701 401,665,043 1,882,222	37,323,782 409,187,994 826,542
Total noncurrent liabilities	441,205,966	447,338,318
Total liabilities	490,313,206	506,321,899
Deferred Inflow of Resources Net pension liability Bond refundings Other postemployment benefits  Total deferred inflows of resources	2,425,248 97,629 ————————————————————————————————————	2,449,195 107,535 824,624 3,381,354
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	492,836,083	509,703,253
Net Position  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for water meter retrofit program Restricted for water resource sustainability program	573,174,076 5,711,052 689,060	533,058,874 4,717,726
Restricted for debt service Restricted for operations and maintenance reserve Restricted for renewal and replacement reserve Restricted for water rate stabilization Unrestricted	925,000 5,312,052 16,214,654 500,000 115,662,201	885,000 4,840,056 19,180,630 500,000 104,893,903
Total net position	718,188,095	668,076,189
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Net Position	\$ 1,211,024,178	\$ 1,177,779,442

	2019	2018
Operating Revenues Charges for water sales Hydroelectric sales Other operating sales	\$ 101,496,912 2,624,285 2,968,321	\$ 95,181,554 3,757,043 2,873,495
Total operating revenues	107,089,518	101,812,092
Operating Expenses Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	20,973,151 10,184,189 28,475,960	18,735,892 12,919,692 25,835,318
Total operating expenses before depreciation	59,633,300	57,490,902
Depreciation	32,833,604	32,820,720
Total operating expenses	92,466,904	90,311,622
Operating Income	14,622,614	11,500,470
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment earnings Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Gain (loss) on disposal of assets Debt issuance costs Interest expense Other nonoperating expense  Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	4,409,486 2,843,154 (225,687) (218,132) (13,268,153) (233,494) (6,692,826)	2,313,513 (934,120) 133,972 (942,927) (11,720,356) (12,749) (11,162,667)
Income before Capital Contributions	7,929,788	337,803
Capital Contributions Grants Water meter retrofit program Water resource sustainability program Developer infrastructure contributions Developer will-serve contributions (net of refunds) Developer capital contributions-other Developer facility charges (net of refunds) Contributions from other governments	831,116 994,706 689,060 19,112,590 4,663,826 6,636,417 9,154,403 100,000	348,248 2,379,206 — 15,017,446 6,652,819 6,448,549 6,464,559 100,000
Net capital contributions	42,182,118	37,410,827
Change in Net Position	50,111,906	37,748,630
Net Position, Beginning of Year	668,076,189	630,327,559
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 718,188,095	\$ 668,076,189

		2019		2018
Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$	105,272,760 (30,024,544) (33,218,430)	\$	103,087,315 (27,042,296) (25,662,867)
Net Cash from Operating Activities		42,029,786		50,382,152
Capital and Related Financing Activities  Acquisition and construction of capital assets Interest paid on financing Principal paid on financing Proceeds from refunding bonds Redemption of commercial paper notes Proceeds from capital asset disposal Contributions for water meter retrofit program Contributions for water resource sustainability program Contributions from developers-will-serve letters Contributions from developers-other Contributions from developers-facility charges Contributions from other governments Grants Bond/note issuance costs		(41,281,759) (17,050,980) (2,738,723) — (6,500,000) 38,499 994,706 689,060 4,663,826 6,636,417 9,154,403 200,000 582,755 (218,132)		(29,059,520) (14,218,602) (2,655,702) 44,601,977 (53,400,000) 1,270,325 2,379,206 ————————————————————————————————————
Net Cash used for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(44,829,928)	_	(32,218,823)
Investing Activities Payments received on loan receivables Investment interest/earnings	_	24,835 7,222,281		3,703 1,167,934
Net Cash from Investing Activities		7,247,116		1,171,637
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,446,974		19,334,966
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		193,371,596		174,036,630
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	197,818,570	\$	193,371,596

		2019	 2018
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		_	_
from Operating Activities			
Operating Income	\$	14,622,614	\$ 11,500,470
Adjustments to reconcile operating income			
to net cash from operating activities			
Depreciation		32,833,604	32,820,720
Other nonoperating expenses		(233,494)	(12,749)
OPEB expense		295,196	386,482
OPEB contributions		(179,325)	(546,504)
Pension expense		3,768,215	7,243,153
Pension contributions		(2,865,963)	(2,562,356)
Changes in assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable, net		(1,048,437)	1,214,585
Due from others		(23,364)	24,325
Due from other governments		28,729	(97,190)
Prepaid assets		(373,347)	(212,992)
Accounts payable		(2,808,142)	1,345,514
Accrued liabilities		97,509	116,390
Due to customers and developers		(744,957)	36,313
Due to other governments		(1,339,052)	(874,009)
Total adjustments		27,407,172	38,881,682
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	42,029,786	\$ 50,382,152
Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities			
	\$	19,112,590	\$ 15,017,446
Developer infrastructure contributions  Amortization of net bond premium	Ф	(4,693,893)	(4,935,241)
*		204,743	194,934
Amortization of refunding allowances to interest expense		204,743	194,934

## **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the Truckee Meadows Water Authority (TMWA) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. A summary of the more significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying basic financial statements follows.

#### **Reporting Entity and Purpose**

TMWA is a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) formed in November 2000 under the Joint Powers Legislation of the State of Nevada, pursuant to a Cooperative Agreement among the City of Reno, Nevada, the City of Sparks, Nevada, and Washoe County, Nevada. TMWA was formed to purchase water assets (the Water System), undertake the water utility operations, and to develop, manage, and maintain supplies of water for the benefit of the Truckee Meadows communities. TMWA purchased the existing water system originally operated by Sierra Pacific Power Company (SPPCo), now known as NV Energy, Inc.

TMWA is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors (Board) appointed by:

- Reno City Council (3 seats)
- Sparks City Council (2 seats)
- Washoe County Commissioners (2 seats)

The cities and county representatives are not required to be elected officials. Modifications to the JPA were approved by the governing bodies in December 2009 which changed the at-large seat into a second seat for Washoe County. The amendments to the JPA were approved by the Attorney General's Office of the State of Nevada (State) effective February 3, 2010. The amendments were made in anticipation of the consolidation of TMWA and Washoe County's Community Services Department's water utility (WCWU) and the merger of another water utility named South Truckee Meadows General Improvement District (STMGID). The transfer of operations of WCWU and the merger of STMGID occurred on January 1, 2015 with TMWA as the continuing entity.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

TMWA's activities are accounted for as an enterprise fund (proprietary fund type). A fund is an accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established to record the financial position and results of operations of the governmental entity. Activities of enterprise funds resemble activities of business enterprises; the purpose is to obtain and use economic resources to meet its operating objectives. The financial statements for TMWA are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized at the time they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred.

A proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from an exchange transaction such as providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Nonoperating revenues and nonoperating expenses result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary services.

TMWA applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements in accounting and reporting for proprietary activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is TMWA's policy to use unrestricted resources first, then restricted resources as they are required.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

TMWA adheres to the Local Government Budget and Finance Act (Act) incorporated within the Statutes of the State of Nevada. The Act and TMWA policy include the following major procedures to establish budgetary data:

- On or before April 15, the General Manager of TMWA submits to the Board a tentative budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- Public hearings on the tentative budget are held in May.
- Prior to June 1, at the public hearing, the Board indicates changes, if any, to be made to the tentative budget and adopts a final budget by the favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board. The final budget must then be forwarded to the Nevada Department of Taxation for final approval.
- Any revisions that alter total appropriations must be approved in advance by the Board. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations lapse at year end.
- In accordance with State statute, actual expenses may not exceed the sum of operating and nonoperating appropriations.

The budget reflected in the financial statements has been amended from the original amounts in accordance with State statute for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. This presentation for fiscal year 2019 and 2018 is included as Supplementary Information.

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash balances are, to the extent practical, invested as permitted by law. Monies that are not required for immediate obligations are invested.

Investments authorized by State statutes and TMWA's bond resolutions include, but are not limited to, U.S. Treasury instruments, U.S. government agency securities, agency issued mortgage backed securities (FNMA, FHLMC, GNMA), corporate notes meeting certain rating standards, money market mutual funds meeting certain criteria, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, commercial paper meeting certain standards, bankers acceptances, long-term forward sale contracts and guaranteed investment contracts meeting certain rating standards, the State's Local Government Investment Pools (LGIP), medium-term obligations of municipal issuers in the State that meet certain rating standards, and asset backed securities that meet certain rating standards. Investments are reported at fair value, including the investment with LGIP which is equal to TMWA's original investment plus monthly allocation of interest income, and realized and unrealized gains and losses, which is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Restricted cash and investments are monies that are restricted by legal or contractual requirements.

#### **Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents include short-term highly liquid investments (3 months or less at time of purchase) that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes of value. Based on the nature of the investment policies, all amounts are available on demand and are, therefore, classified as cash equivalents on the Statements of Cash Flows.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable is comprised of amounts due from TMWA's customers, net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Amounts due from TMWA's customers are comprised of amounts billed and an estimate of amounts earned but unbilled for water deliveries prior to fiscal year end.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Certain proceeds of TMWA's water revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the Statements of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants as follows:

- Current bond debt service used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.
- Future bond debt service used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the current bond debt service.
- Operations and maintenance used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from TMWA's operation that could adversely affect debt service payments.
- Renewal and replacement used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies in cash flow for replacement of water facilities.
- Water rate stabilization used to report resources set aside to stabilize customer rates if significant water revenue fluctuations occur.

Certain assets of TMWA are classified as restricted assets on the Statements of Net Position because they were derived from contributions from developers to fund the water meter retrofit and water resource sustainability programs adopted under Title II of Public Law 101-618.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items have been classified as current.

#### **Capital Assets**

All purchased property, plant, and equipment is stated at cost. TMWA capitalizes all assets with a cost of at least \$5,000 and a useful life greater than one year. The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not increase productive capacity or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized. Developer contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value in the year of contribution to TMWA.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives (in years) as follows:

	Years	_	Years
Distribution mains	60-75	Canals	15-50
Plants	15-50	Reservoirs	20-75
Services	15-60	Vehicles	5-10
Pump stations	10-60	Furniture and fixtures	10
Tanks	65-75	Computer hardware and software	3-5
Wells	7-50	Equipment	5-10
Pressure reducing stations	25	Administration buildings	50
Hydroelectric facilities	20-80		

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. TMWA's deferred outflows of resources is its deferred charge on refunding which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its acquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. In addition, TMWA has deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the Statements of Net Position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. TMWA has deferred inflows of resources related to bond refundings, pensions and other post-employment benefits.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS) Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring TMWA's OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of TMWA's OPEB Plans and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMWA's OPEB Plans. For this purpose, TMWA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms and investments are reported at estimated fair value.

## **Compensated Absences**

Employees are permitted to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. The liability for compensated absences is accrued as amounts are earned by employees to the extent it is likely TMWA will ultimately pay those benefits. The liability is included in accrued liabilities in the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

Long-term debt is reported is reported at face value, net of any premium or discounts in the Statements of Net Position. Premiums and discounts are amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the related debt. Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

#### **Classification of Revenues**

Operating revenues consist of water sales, hydroelectric sales, and miscellaneous fee income. Nonoperating revenues consist essentially of income derived from investments, and reimbursement for nonoperating activities. Developer facility charges, will-serve contributions, and other contributions reflect payments primarily for water service. Developer infrastructure contributions are an estimation of the value of infrastructure built by developers and permanently dedicated to TMWA.

#### **Net Position**

Net Position is displayed in three classifications:

- Net investment in capital assets. This component represents TMWA's net position in its capital assets. It
  reflects the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and less the outstanding principal of
  related debt, excluding unspent proceeds.
- Restricted. This component reflects the carrying value of assets, less related liabilities, that are restricted by law or by other externally imposed restrictions, such as bond covenants. Assets restricted only by TMWA or Board imposed limitations are not included in the calculation.
- Unrestricted. This component represents the remaining net position balance that is available to support TMWA's operations and capital asset acquisition/construction.

#### **Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to provide financial statement users with information about asset retirement obligations that were not addressed in GASB standards by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for these obligations. The implementation of Statement No. 83 in fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 resulted in no impact to TMWA's financial statements.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits). Statement No. 85 does not have any affect on TMWA's financial position, results of operations or cash flow at this time.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources – resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt – are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. Statement No. 86 does not have any affect on TMWA's financial position, results of operations or cash flow at this time.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases; enhancing the comparability of financial statements between governments; and also enhancing the relevance, reliability (representational faithfulness), and consistency of information about the leasing activities of governments. TMWA does not expect the adoption of Statement No. 87 to have a material affect on TMWA's financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. Statement No. 88 does not have any affect on TMWA's financial position, results of operations or cash flow at this time.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 18, 2018. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide users of financial statements with essential information related to presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations and requiring reporting of certain information about component units of the government. TMWA does not expect the adoption of Statement No. 90 to have a material affect on TMWA's financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. TMWA does not expect the adoption of Statement No. 91 to have a material affect on TMWA's financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

# Note 2 - Compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code

TMWA conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year.

#### Note 3 - Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable, net consisted of the following:

	<u>J</u> ı	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2				
Billed amounts	\$	6,829,381	\$	5,598,850		
Earned, but unbilled amounts		8,149,678		8,287,402		
		14,979,059		13,886,252		
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(341,817)		(297,447)		
Accounts receivable, net	\$	14,637,242	\$	13,588,805		

#### Note 4 - Cash and Investments

In accordance with State statutes, TMWA's cash is deposited with insured banks. All money deposited by TMWA that is not within the limits of insurance must be secured by collateral. TMWA's deposits are collateralized by the Office of the State Treasurer/Nevada Collateral Pool.

As of June 30, 2019, TMWA had the following investments and maturities:

	Less than 1 Year		 1 - 3 Years	 4 - 5 Years		Total
Investments			_	_		_
U.S. Treasuries	\$	19,236,990	\$ 21,012,120	\$ 12,401,595	\$	52,650,705
U.S. Agencies		24,293,349	40,159,868	29,499,980		93,953,197
LGIP		2,376,329		_		2,376,329
Money Market Mutual Funds		22,617,511		_		22,617,511
Certificates of Deposit		2,494,010	3,241,618	10,807,240		16,542,868
Corporate Commercial Paper		7,834,444				7,834,444
Total Investments		78,852,633	64,413,606	52,708,815		195,975,054
Total Cash		1,843,516				1,843,516
Total Cash and Investments	\$	80,696,149	\$ 64,413,606	\$ 52,708,815	\$	197,818,570

As of June 30, 2018, TMWA had the following investments and maturities:

	Less th			1 - 3 Years		4 - 5 Years		Total
Investments								
U.S. Treasuries	\$	13,725,538	\$	9,103,904	\$	20,250,408	\$	43,079,850
U.S. Agencies		55,729,990		35,667,945		16,791,191		108,189,126
LGIP		3,286,363						3,286,363
Money Market Mutual Funds		26,345,520						26,345,520
Certificates of Deposit		1,244,937		3,686,092		5,792,653		10,723,682
Total Investments		100,332,348		48,457,941	_	42,834,252	_	191,624,541
Total Cash		1,747,055						1,747,055
Total Cash and Investments	\$	102,079,403	\$	48,457,941	\$	42,834,252	\$	193,371,596

Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS 355.170) set forth acceptable investments for Nevada governments. On September 20, 2017 the TMWA Board adopted an investment policy which extended TMWA's investment period from two years to five years. Nevada Revised Statutes and TMWA's investment policy set portfolio component thresholds to further limit its exposure to certain risks as set forth below.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk of possible reduction in the value of a security, especially a bond, resulting from a rise in interest rates. This risk can be mitigated by diversification of durations of fixed rate investments held in the investment portfolio. As a means of limiting TMWA's exposure to this risk, TMWA constantly monitors the bond futures market and ladders investments accordingly to maximize investment returns while balancing the investment maturities with spending requirements. TMWA follows State statute limits of investment in obligations of an agency of the United States or a corporation sponsored by the United States government to those maturing within five years from the date of purchase.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations and is a function of the credit quality ratings of investments. TMWA follows State statute for reducing exposure to investment credit risk by investing in U.S. Agencies securities; "AAA" rated money market mutual funds that invest in securities issued by the U.S. Government or agencies of the U.S. Government, and the State of Nevada Local Government Pooled Investment Fund (LGIP). TMWA has a debt reserve fund with LGIP, which is an unrated external investment pool with investment duration of 116 days at June 30, 2019, and 142 days at June 30, 2018. Investments in U.S. Agencies are rated "AAA" and when investments are made in corporate commercial paper these investments are rated "A-1+"/"P-1". Investments in corporate notes are rated "A" or better.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. Securities held by TMWA or by TMWA's custodians are diversified to eliminate risk of loss from overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the following investments by issuer, exceeded 5% of TMWA's total investments:

	 June 30, 2019	
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 52,650,704	27%
Federal Home Loan Bank	41,143,051	21%
Federal National Mortgage Association	17,759,156	9%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	15,843,376	8%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	15,184,737	8%
	 June 30, 2018	
Federal National Mortgage Association	\$ 43,636,448	23%
U.S. Treasuries	43,079,850	22%
Federal Home Loan Bank	38,784,938	20%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	16,185,898	8%

#### **Investments Measured at Fair Value**

TMWA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. TMWA does not have any investments that are measured using Level 3 inputs.

TMWA has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

			Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Fair Value	N	uoted Prices in Active Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other servable Inputs (Level 2)	
Investments by fair value level	 _					
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 52,650,705	\$	52,650,705	\$	_	
U.S. Agencies	93,953,197		_		93,953,197	
Money Market Mutual Funds	22,617,511		22,617,511		_	
Certificates of Deposit	16,542,868		_		16,542,868	
Corporate Commercial Paper	 7,834,444				7,834,444	
	193,598,725	\$	75,268,216	\$	118,330,509	
LGIP*	 2,376,329					
	\$ 195,975,054					

TMWA has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

			Fair Value Mea	surements Using		
	Fair Value	I	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other servable Inputs (Level 2)	
Investments by fair value level	_		_		_	
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 43,079,850	\$	43,079,850	\$	_	
U.S. Agencies	108,189,126		_		108,189,126	
Money Market Mutual Funds	26,345,520		26,345,520		_	
Certificates of Deposit	 10,723,682				10,723,682	
	188,338,178	\$	69,425,370	\$	118,912,808	
LGIP*	 3,286,363					
	\$ 191,624,541					

<sup>\*</sup>LGIP is reported at Net Asset Value. TMWA is able to withdraw funds on a daily basis and has no outstanding, unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used by TMWA for its Level 2 assets:

U.S. Agencies – Valued using matrix pricing and market corroborated pricing models.

Corporate commercial paper – Valued based on cash flow models that maximize the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issues with similar credit ratings.

Certificates of deposit - Valued using interactive date pricing and reference data.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 29,199,340	\$ 40,345,726	\$ (13,101,191)	
Land	20,160,383	266,530	_	20,426,913
Water rights	109,705,745			109,705,745
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	159,065,468	40,612,256	(13,101,191)	186,576,533
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Distribution mains	528,175,088	15,488,107	_	543,663,195
Water treatment (plants)	187,200,554	854,317	_	188,054,871
Services	146,785,819	4,934,818	(8,025)	151,712,612
Pump stations	64,975,905	2,984,720	_	67,960,625
Treated water storage (tanks)	90,236,937	3,454,816	_	93,691,753
Wells	73,067,381	1,837,890	_	74,905,271
Pressure regulating stations	10,650,226	2,731,181	(30,536)	13,350,871
Canals	41,254,883	_	_	41,254,883
Reservoirs	18,804,258	_	_	18,804,258
Vehicles	6,948,935	748,972	_	7,697,907
Furniture and fixtures	808,750	_	_	808,750
Computer hardware and software	3,431,412	186,898	_	3,618,310
Equipment	197,578	63,094	(25,606)	235,066
Hydroelectric facilities	28,262,890	_	_	28,262,890
Administrative buildings	14,411,790			14,411,790
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,215,212,406	33,284,813	(64,167)	1,248,433,052
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Distribution mains	(119,987,675)	(9,756,249)	_	(129,743,924)
Water treatment (plants)	(86,020,412)	(5,703,906)	_	(91,724,318)
Services	(100,176,556)	(7,350,424)	7,657	(107,519,323)
Pump stations	(21,637,979)	(2,001,905)	_	(23,639,884)
Treated water storage (tanks)	(26,689,852)	(1,949,704)	_	(28,639,556)
Wells	(31,348,819)	(1,841,759)	_	(33,190,578)
Pressure regulating stations	(6,167,406)	(517,688)	30,536	(6,654,558)
Canals	(10,390,074)	(944,128)	_	(11,334,202)
Reservoirs	(6,261,847)	(548,653)	_	(6,810,500)
Vehicles	(3,337,301)	(827,370)	_	(4,164,671)
Furniture and fixtures	(513,573)	(80,588)	_	(594,161)
Computer hardware and software	(2,061,507)	(312,318)	_	(2,373,825)
Equipment	(145,984)	(35,329)	25,606	(155,707)
Hydroelectric facilities	(4,138,759)	(560,128)	_	(4,698,887)
Administrative buildings	(2,681,971)	(403,455)		(3,085,426)
Total accumulated depreciation	(421,559,715)	(32,833,604)	63,799	(454,329,520)
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	793,652,691	451,209	(368)	794,103,532
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 952,718,159	\$ 41,063,465	\$ (13,101,559)	\$ 980,680,065

## Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Construction in progress	\$ 20,805,718	\$ 27,508,378	\$ (19,114,756)	\$ 29,199,340	
Land	20,143,555	16,828	_	20,160,383	
Water rights	109,705,745			109,705,745	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	150,655,018	27,525,206	(19,114,756)	159,065,468	
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Distribution mains	508,804,207	19,370,881	_	528,175,088	
Water treatment (plants)	184,897,020	2,303,534	_	187,200,554	
Services	141,319,729	5,466,090	_	146,785,819	
Pump stations	64,044,824	959,790	(28,709)	64,975,905	
Treated water storage (tanks)	89,951,119	1,113,116	(827,298)	90,236,937	
Wells	71,104,932	2,009,549	(47,100)	73,067,381	
Pressure regulating stations	10,006,789	674,730	(31,293)	10,650,226	
Canals	41,254,883	_	_	41,254,883	
Reservoirs	18,564,775	239,483	_	18,804,258	
Vehicles	5,685,360	1,281,742	(18,167)	6,948,935	
Furniture and fixtures	603,066	205,684	_	808,750	
Computer hardware and software	2,660,991	770,421	_	3,431,412	
Equipment	197,578	_	_	197,578	
Hydroelectric facilities	28,262,890	_	_	28,262,890	
Administrative buildings	12,839,231	1,572,559		14,411,790	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,180,197,394	35,967,579	(952,567)	1,215,212,406	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Distribution mains	(110,436,571)	(9,551,104)	_	(119,987,675)	
Water treatment (plants)	(80,189,760)	(5,830,652)	_	(86,020,412)	
Services	(92,850,085)	(7,326,471)	_	(100,176,556)	
Pump stations	(19,622,935)	(2,036,064)	21,020	(21,637,979)	
Treated water storage (tanks)	(25,011,176)	(2,039,551)	360,875	(26,689,852)	
Wells	(29,349,994)	(1,998,937)	112	(31,348,819)	
Pressure regulating stations	(5,751,392)	(442,562)	26,548	(6,167,406)	
Canals	(9,409,860)	(980,214)	_	(10,390,074)	
Reservoirs	(5,712,987)	(548,860)	_	(6,261,847)	
Vehicles	(2,620,881)	(728,380)	11,960	(3,337,301)	
Furniture and fixtures	(455,831)	(57,742)	_	(513,573)	
Computer hardware and software	(1,700,082)	(361,425)	_	(2,061,507)	
Equipment	(111,590)	(34,394)	_	(145,984)	
Hydroelectric facilities	(3,563,380)	(575,379)	_	(4,138,759)	
Administrative buildings	(2,372,986)	(308,985)		(2,681,971)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(389,159,510)	(32,820,720)	420,515	(421,559,715)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	791,037,884	3,146,859	(532,052)	793,652,691	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 941,692,902	\$ 30,672,065	\$ (19,646,808)	\$ 952,718,159	

## Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

On June 8, 2005, TMWA entered into a loan contract with the State of Nevada Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) to fund TMWA's Arsenic Mitigation Project. TMWA made draws on this contract as construction proceeded, totaling \$4,669,565. The loan constitutes a special limited obligation of TMWA and the principal and interest on the loan will be payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the net revenues derived from the operation of the Water System. This loan has a term of 20 years. This loan is subordinate to the 2015A Refunding Bonds, the 2016 Refunding Bonds, the 2017 Refunding Bonds, the 2018 Refunding Bonds, and any future senior lien bonds.

On August 15, 2006, TMWA began an inaugural Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper (TECP) program that originally authorized the issuance of up to \$160,000,000 in TECP notes. The first draw was on August 16, 2006 for \$30,000,000, and a second draw was on December 5, 2006 for \$13,000,000. The proceeds from the first two draws were used solely to purchase water rights for future sale of will-serve commitments to developers. A third draw was made on February 15, 2008 for \$25,000,000 to fund certain construction projects on an interim basis. A fourth draw was made on June 28, 2011 for \$11,400,000 for the purpose of redeeming the remaining outstanding Series 2001A Bonds which were callable on July 1, 2011. TMWA redeemed the \$11,400,000 issued in the fourth draw on December 10, 2012. TMWA issued a fifth draw for \$27,000,000 on December 17, 2014 to refund, on an advanced basis, \$26,100,000 in Washoe County water obligations to effect the water utility consolidation between Washoe County and TMWA with proceeds transferred to escrow on the date of issuance. The funds in escrow were distributed to the Washoe County bondholders as of July 1, 2015, the call date of the bonds. On various dates in fiscal year 2016, TMWA redeemed \$7,200,000. On September 7, 2016, TMWA redeemed \$4,400,000. On September 5, 2017 TMWA redeemed \$9,200,000, and on May 15, 2018 TMWA redeemed \$44,200,000 as part of the Series 2018 Water Revenue Refunding (see below). This left an outstanding balance of \$30,000,000 as of June 30, 2018. On September 4, 2018, TMWA redeemed \$6,500,000. This left an outstanding balance of \$23,500,000 as of June 30, 2019. TMWA intends to pay off this balance over the next four years using proceeds from willserve sales. Subsequent to fiscal year end 2019, in the second quarter of fiscal year 2020, TMWA paid off \$5,000,000 of the \$23,500,000 outstanding. TMWA has remaining authorization to issue \$53,600,000 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. The TECP program is facilitated by a direct pay letter of credit (Liquidity Facility) between TMWA and Wells Fargo Bank. The stated amount of the Liquidity Facility is \$32,663,014. The average interest rate on the outstanding balance of TECP as of June 30, 2019 was 1.44% and June 30, 2018 was 1.54%. As of June 30, 2019, the total TECP notes outstanding were comprised of five tranches ranging from \$412,000 to \$12,870,000 with maturities ranging from 28 to 93 days. As of June 30, 2018, the total TECP notes outstanding were comprised of one tranche of \$30,000,000 with maturity of 51 days.

On July 25, 2009, TMWA entered into a loan contract with the DWSRF, the 2009A DWSRF Loan, to partially fund TMWA's Mogul Bypass Siphon Project. The loan was provided through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) stimulus funding provided by the federal government. TMWA made draws on this contract as construction proceeded, totaling \$2,401,120. The loan constitutes a special limited obligation of TMWA and the principal and interest on the loan will be payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the net revenues derived from the operation of the Water System. This loan has a term of 20 years. This loan is subordinate to the senior lien 2015A Refunding Bonds, the 2016 Refunding Bonds, the 2017 Refunding Bonds, and any future senior lien bonds.

On February 11, 2010, TMWA entered into a loan contract with DWSRF, the 2010A DWSRF Loan, to fund TMWA's Glendale Water Treatment Plant Diversion Project. Total construction costs for the Glendale Diversion Project were less than expected. Consequently, TMWA requested and was granted that the remaining loan authorization be able to fund final improvements on the Highland Canal. During fiscal year 2013, the loan was finalized in the total amount of \$4,381,614. The loan constitutes a special limited obligation of TMWA and the principal and interest on the loan are payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the net revenues derived from the operation of the Water System. This loan has a term of 20 years. This loan is subordinate to the, senior lien 2015A Refunding Bonds the 2016 Refunding Bonds, the 2017 Refunding Bonds, the 2018 Refunding Bonds as well as any future senior lien bonds.

On December 31, 2014, TMWA entered into a loan contract with the DWSRF, to transfer the remaining loan balance of the Washoe County Water Utility 2005 DWSRF loan to TMWA. The transfer was in conjunction with the transfer of operations of the Washoe County Water Utility into TMWA on January 1, 2015. The loan contract was entered into by the Washoe County Water Utility to construct the Longley Lane Water Treatment Facility, a facility that was transferred to TMWA. The loan balance of \$9,109,437 was transferred to TMWA under the same terms that existed with Washoe County as the TMWA 2014 DWSRF loan. The original balance of the loan was \$14,162,268. The loan constitutes a special limited obligation of TMWA and the principal and interest on the loan are payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the net revenues, derived from the operation of the Water System. When it was transfered this loan had a remaining term of 10 years. This loan is subordinate to the senior lien 2015A Refunding Bonds, the 2016 Refunding Bonds, the 2017 Refunding Bonds, the 2018 Refunding Bonds as well as any future senior lien bonds.

On April 14, 2015, TMWA issued \$28,750,000 in Series 2015A Refunding Bonds which constitute special limited obligations of TMWA. These bonds were sold to refund on a current basis \$33,050,000 in maturities of the Series 2005A Bonds. The proceeds of the refunding bond issue were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating financial resources to defease the callable portion of the Series 2005A Bonds. The Series 2005A refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from TMWA's Statement of Net Position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$140,645. The unamortized balance is being amortized as a component of interest income over the remaining life of the old and new debt, which has the same remaining life. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over approximately 21 years by \$6,563,813 and resulted in an economic gain of \$4,575,309. The funds held in the irrevocable trust were distributed to 2005A bondholders as of July 1, 2015, the call date of the 2005A Bonds.

On July 30, 2015, TMWA entered into a loan contract with the DWSRF, the 2015B DWSRF Loan, to fund TMWA's surface and groundwater supplies in the North Valleys particularly the Stead area, Lemmon Valley area, and North Virginia Corridor. TMWA made draws on this contract as construction proceeded, totaling \$8,971,562. The loan constitutes a special limited obligation of TMWA and the principal and interest on the loan are payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the net revenues derived from the operation of the Water System. This loan has a term of 20 years. This loan is subordinate to the senior lien 2015A Refunding Bonds, the 2016 Refunding Bonds, the 2017 Refunding Bonds, the 2018 Refunding Bonds as well as any future senior lien bonds.

On April 12, 2016, TMWA issued \$124,790,000 in Series 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds which constitute special limited obligations of TMWA. These bonds were sold to refund \$148,015,000 in maturities of the Series 2006 Bonds. The proceeds of the refunding bond issue were used to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating financial resources for the future debt service payments of the refunded Series 2006 Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds were considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from TMWA's Statements of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$3,092,808. The unamortized balance is being amortized as a component of interest expense over the original life of the old debt, which has a shorter remaining life in comparison to the remaining life of the refunding bonds. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over 22 years by \$4,332,501, and resulted in an economic gain of \$15,025,124. The funds in the irrevocable trust were distributed to 2006 bondholders as of July 1, 2016, the call date of the 2006 Bonds.

On April 11, 2017, TMWA issued \$147,415,000 in Series 2017 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds which constitute special limited obligations of TMWA. These bonds were sold to refund \$214,290,000 in maturities of the Series 2007 Bonds. The proceeds of the refunding bond issue along with \$32,865,308 from TMWA's cash balances were used to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating financial resources for the future debt service payments of the refunded Series 2007 Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds were considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from TMWA's Statements of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$289,903. The unamortized balance is being amortized as a component of interest income over the remaining life of the old and new debt, which has the same remaining life. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over 14 years by \$15,301,534, and resulted in an economic gain of \$15,948,105. The funds in the irrevocable trust were distributed to 2007 bondholders as of July 1, 2017, the call date of the 2007 Bonds.

On May 15, 2018, TMWA issued \$38,835,000 in Series 2018 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds which constitute special limited obligations of TMWA. The proceeds of the bond issue of \$44,601,977 were used to refund or redeem \$44,200,000 in maturities of TECP (see above). This transaction was executed to provide a fixed rate of interest expense over the life of the refunding, which was effected by replacing variable rate TECP debt with fixed rate bonds.

The following schedules summarize the changes in long-term obligations as of June 30, 2019:

	Final Maturity Date	Authorized	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019	Due in 2019-2020
Direct Borrowings							
2005 - DWSRF Bonds 3.21%	1/1/2025	\$ 4,669,565	\$ 2,095,861	\$ —	\$ 271,578	\$ 1,824,283	\$ 280,365
2009~A - DWSRF ARRA Bonds $0.00%$	7/1/2029	2,401,120	1,422,190	_	123,668	1,298,522	123,669
2010 A - DWSRF Bonds 3.25%	1/1/2030	4,381,614	3,331,595	_	231,088	3,100,507	238,660
2014 - DWSRF Bonds 2.81%	1/1/2025	9,109,437	6,364,231	_	834,864	5,529,367	858,488
2015 B - DWSRF Bonds 2.62%	7/1/2035	8,971,562	8,589,045		393,328	8,195,717	402,876
		29,533,298	21,802,922	_	1,854,526	19,948,396	1,904,058
Bonds Payable							
2015 A - Refunding Bonds 2.00%-5.00%	7/1/2036	28,750,000	27,070,000	_	885,000	26,185,000	925,000
2016 - Refunding Bonds 5.00%	7/1/2037	124,790,000	124,790,000	_	_	124,790,000	_
2017 - Refunding Bonds 4.00%-5.00%	7/1/2030	147,415,000	147,415,000	_	_	147,415,000	_
2018 - Refunding Bonds 5.00%	7/1/2039	38,835,000	38,835,000			38,835,000	
		339,790,000	338,110,000		885,000	337,225,000	925,000
Subtotal		369,323,298	359,912,922	_	2,739,526	357,173,396	2,829,058
Plus unamortized net bond premium			52,014,598		4,693,893	47,320,705	
Total debt before TECP			411,927,520	_	7,433,419	404,494,101	
TECP		77,100,000	30,000,000		6,500,000	23,500,000	23,500,000
Total Debt		\$446,423,298	\$441,927,520	<u> </u>	\$ 13,933,419	\$427,994,101	\$ 26,329,058

The following schedules summarize the changes in long-term obligations as of June 30, 2018:

	Final Maturity Date	Authorized	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30,2018	Due in 2018-2019
Direct Borrowings							
2005 - DWSRF Bonds 3.21%	1/1/2025	\$ 4,669,565	\$ 2,358,926	\$ —	\$ 263,065	\$ 2,095,861	\$ 271,577
2009 A - DWSRF ARRA Bonds 0.00%	7/1/2029	2,401,120	1,545,859	_	123,669	1,422,190	123,669
2010 A - DWSRF Bonds 3.25%	1/1/2030	4,381,614	3,555,353	_	223,758	3,331,595	231,089
2014 - DWSRF Bonds 2.81%	1/1/2025	9,109,437	7,176,120	_	811,889	6,364,231	834,864
2015 B - DWSRF Bonds 2.62%	7/1/2035	8,971,562	8,971,562		382,517	8,589,045	393,327
		29,533,298	23,607,820	_	1,804,898	21,802,922	1,854,526
Bonds Payable							
2015 A - Refunding Bonds 2.00%-5.00%	7/1/2036	28,750,000	27,920,000	_	850,000	27,070,000	885,000
2016 - Refunding Bonds 5.00%	7/1/2037	124,790,000	124,790,000	_	_	124,790,000	_
2017 - Refunding Bonds 4.00%-5.00%	7/1/2030	147,415,000	147,415,000	_	_	147,415,000	_
2018 - Refunding Bonds 5.00%	7/1/2039	38,835,000		38,835,000		38,835,000	
		339,790,000	300,125,000	38,835,000	850,000	338,110,000	885,000
Subtotal		369,323,298	323,732,820	38,835,000	2,654,898	359,912,922	2,739,526
Plus unamortized net bond premium			51,182,862	5,766,977	4,935,241	52,014,598	
Total debt before TECP			374,915,682	44,601,977	7,590,139	411,927,520	
TECP		83,600,000	83,400,000		53,400,000	30,000,000	30,000,000
Total Debt		\$452,923,298	\$458,315,682	\$ 44,601,977	\$ 60,990,139	\$441,927,520	\$ 32,739,526

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for TMWA's bonds and commercial paper are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings			Bonds an		
Year Ending June 30,	Principal Payment		Interest Payment	Principal Payment	Interest Payment	Total Debt Service
2020	\$ 1,904,058	3	\$ 516,663	\$ 24,425,000	\$ 16,699,050	\$ 43,544,771
2021	1,955,867	7	464,854	11,505,000	16,460,150	30,385,871
2022	2,009,193	}	411,528	11,590,000	15,950,000	29,960,721
2023	2,064,081		356,640	12,615,000	15,344,875	30,380,596
2024	2,120,578	3	300,143	13,245,000	14,698,375	30,364,096
2025-2029	5,849,704	ļ	875,634	75,875,000	62,782,875	145,383,213
2030-2034	3,146,093	}	328,155	115,790,000	39,787,500	159,051,748
2035-2039	898,822	2	23,651	84,430,000	11,590,750	96,943,223
2040				11,250,000	281,250	11,531,250
Total	\$ 19,948,396	) = =	\$ 3,277,268	\$360,725,000	\$193,594,825	\$ 577,545,489

Because commercial paper notes have a maturity of less than 270 days, they are presented as maturing in the current year. It is the intent of TMWA that as TECP matures, the interest and principal will be remarketed into new commercial paper notes.

#### **Note 7 - Net Position**

#### **Restricted Net Position**

TMWA records the following restrictions of net position:

<u>Restricted in accordance with bond covenants</u>: TMWA's bond covenants require certain restrictions of TMWA's net position for operations and maintenance, debt service, renewal and replacement, and water rate stabilization.

<u>Restricted for water meter retrofit program</u>: This restriction was created to segregate the portion of net position derived from contributions made by developers to fund the water meter retrofit program.

Restricted for water resource sustainability: Adopted by the TMWA Board in January, 2019, this restriction replaced the water meter retrofit program and was created to segregate the portion of net position derived from contributions made by developers to fund certain projects that are intended to benefit TMWA's long-term water resources sustainability.

Restricted in accordance with the STMGID merger agreement: The merger agreement with STMGID required that certain funds transferred to TMWA by STMGID may only be used for three purposes: a) payment of contingent liabilities b) construction of facilities to move surface water into the STMGID water utility, and c) replacement, rehabilitation and/or repair of the STMGID facilities. The restricted amount of \$6,214,654 and \$9,180,630 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, is included in the amount restricted for renewal and replacement.

## **Board Designation**

On September 19, 2018, the Board adopted a resolution to designate 3% of total projected water sales for the most recent three year forecast as a rate stabilization fund. At June 30, 2019, this amount was \$8,671,715. Under the previous resolution and different methodology, at June 30, 2018, the amount designated for the rate stabilization fund was \$1,300,000. This designation is not reflected as restricted net position, but is considered a designated portion of unrestricted net position.

## **Note 8 - Contingent Liabilities**

Mt. Rose Fan Domestic Well Program: As part of the transfer of operations with the Washoe County water utility, TMWA also agreed to continue Washoe County's Mt. Rose-Galena Fan Domestic Well Mitigation Program, which provides for the reimbursement of specific well deepening costs or water system connection charges, incurred by property owners within the program area, whom experienced or will experience an "unreasonable adverse effect" as a result of municipal groundwater pumping. TMWA's continuation of the program provides continuity for domestic well owners in the specific program and provides protection of shared groundwater resources in the program area. TMWA's budget includes projected costs for administering the domestic well mitigation plan.

#### Note 9 - Risk Management

TMWA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. TMWA is responsible for group health insurance premiums payable to the City of Reno for coverage in the City's self-funded health insurance program. All other risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage for the past three years.

#### Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Other Employee Benefits

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

#### Plan Description

TMWA contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS). PERS administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit public employees' retirement system. PERS was established by the Nevada Legislature in 1947, effective July 1, 1948. PERS is administered to provide a reasonable base income to qualified employees who have been employed by a public employer and whose earnings capacities have been removed or substantially impaired by age or disability.

#### Benefits Provided

Benefits, as required by the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS or statute), are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010 and July 1, 2015. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits.

Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed as 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned on and after July 1, 2001, this multiplier is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% multiplier. Members entering PERS on or after July 1, 2015 have a 2.25% multiplier. PERS offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death.

Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575 - .579.

#### Vesting

Members entering PERS prior to January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 62 with 10 years of service, or any age with thirty years of service. Members entering PERS on or after July 1, 2015 are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or at age 62 with thirty years of service, or at age 55 with thirty years of service, or at any age with 33 1/3 years of service.

The normal ceiling limitation on monthly benefits allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

#### Contributions

The authority for establishing and amending the obligation to make contributions and member contribution rates, is set by statute. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the Employer-Pay Contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983, have the option of selecting one of two contribution plans.

Contributions are shared equally by employer and employee. Employees can take a reduced salary and have contributions made by the employer (EPC) or can make contributions by a payroll deduction matched by the employer. TMWA contributes under the employer-pay option.

PERS' basic funding policy provides for periodic contributions at a level pattern of cost as a percentage of salary throughout an employee's working lifetime in order to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

PERS receives an actuarial valuation on an annual basis indicating the contribution rates required to fund PERS on an actuarial reserve basis. Contributions actually made are in accordance with the required rates established by the Nevada Legislature. These statutory rates are increased/decreased pursuant to NRS 286.421 and 286.450.

The actuary funding method used is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. It is intended to meet the funding objective and result in a relatively level long-term contributions requirement as a percentage of salary.

The Employer-pay contribution (EPC) rate was 28% for both fiscal years June 30, 2019 and 2018.

TMWA's contributions were \$2,865,963 and \$2,562,356 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

## PERS Investment Policy

PERS' policies which determine the investment portfolio target asset allocation are established by the PERS Board. The asset allocation is reviewed annually and is designed to meet the future risk and return needs of PERS.

The following was the PERS Board adopted policy target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Geometric Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	42%	5.50%
International Equity	18%	5.75%
Domestic Fixed Income	30%	0.25%
Private Markets	10%	6.80%

#### *Net Pension Liability*

At June 30, 2019, TMWA reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of \$37,658,701. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

At June 30, 2018, TMWA reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of \$37,323,782. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

TMWA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on TMWA's share of contributions in PERS pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERS employers and members. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, TMWA's proportion was 0.2761 and 0.2806 percent, respectively, representing a decrease of .0045 percent and an increase of .0132 percent from its proportion measured at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

#### Pension Liability Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the net pension liability of TMWA measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% and what TMWA's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the discount rates used in each year's valuation:

1% Decrease i Discount Rate (6.50%)			D	viscount Rate (7.50%)	1% Decrease i Discount Rate (8.50%)		
Net Pension Liability, June 30, 2018	\$	57,427,995	\$	37,658,701	\$	21,231,569	
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.50%)		D	viscount Rate (7.50%)		6 Decrease in iscount Rate (8.50%)	
Net Pension Liability, June 30, 2017	\$	56,423,138	\$	37,323,782	\$	21,461,468	

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the PERS website, www.nvpers.org.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

TMWA's June 30, 2019 net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. TMWA's June 30, 2018 net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Inflation Rate	2.75%	2.75%
Payroll Growth	5.00% including inflation	5.00% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.50%
Productivity Pay Increase	0.50%	0.50%
Projected Salary Increases	4.25% to 9.15%, depending on service. Rates include inflation and productivity increases	4.25% to 9.15%, depending on service. Rates include inflation and productivity increases
Consumer Price Index	2.75%	2.75%
Other Assumptions	Same as those used in the June 30, 2018 funding actuarial valuation	Same as those used in the June 30, 2017 funding actuarial valuation

Mortality rates for non-disabled regular members were based on the RP-2014 Combined Healthy Annuitant Table projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016, set forward one year for spouses and beneficiaries. The mortality table used in the actuarial valuation to project mortality rates for all disabled regular members is the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, set forward four years.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 and 2017 valuations were based on the results of the experience review issued October 16, 2017.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan contributions will be made in amounts consistent with statutory provisions and recognizing the plan's current funding policy and cost-sharing mechanism between employers and members. For this purpose, all contributions that are intended to fund benefits for all plan members and their beneficiaries are included, except that projected contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, TMWA recognized pension expense of \$6,571,967 and \$9,796,032, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, TMWA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,179,759	\$ 1,748,035
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		1,984,404	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_	179,295
Changes in TMWA's proportion and differences between TMWA's contributions and TMWA's proportionate contributions		4,516,811	497,918
TMWA contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,865,963	 
	\$	10,546,937	\$ 2,425,248

Deferred outflows of resources of \$2,865,963 resulted from TMWA contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2018, TMWA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ —	\$ 2,449,195
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	2,476,078	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	242,337	_
Changes in TMWA's proportion and differences between TMWA's contributions and TMWA's proportionate contributions	5,857,451	_
TMWA contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,562,356	
	\$ 11,138,222	\$ 2,449,195

Deferred outflows of resources of \$2,562,356 resulted from TMWA contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and was recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through PERS (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2017 (the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2018) is 6.22 years.

Other estimated amounts reported by TMWA as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Ending June 30,	
2020	\$
2021	
2022	
2023	
2024	
Thereafter	

#### Additional Information

The PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is available on the PERS website at www.nvpers.org under Quick Links – Publications.

#### **Deferred Compensation Plans**

All employees of TMWA are eligible to participate in a Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan, monies of which are maintained in a trust, separate from the general assets of TMWA. In addition to the Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan, all employees are eligible to participate in a Section 401(a) Money Purchase Retirement Plan, monies of which are maintained in a trust, separate from the general assets of TMWA. For the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, TMWA had matching contributions totaling \$1,322,978, and \$1,181,760, respectively.

#### Note 11 - Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

TMWA has two Other Post–Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans referred to as the §501(c)(9) and §115 plans. The §501(c)(9) plan was established for the benefit of transferred employees from Sierra Pacific Power Company and all new hires. The §115 Plan plan was formed to provide post-employment benefits for employees who transferred from Washoe County as a result of the water utility consolidation. Both plans reference the Internal Revenue Code sections that the plans were formed under. Both plans' investments are held by the Nevada Retirement Benefits Investment Board.

Census data as of June 30, 2019 for both plans is as follows:

	§501(c)(9) Plan	§115 Plan
Retirees receiving benefits	40	6
Retirees eligible for but not receiving benefits	1	_
Active employees	197	16
Total	238	22

Census data as of June 30, 2018 for both plans is as follows:

	§501(c)(9) Plan	§115 Plan
Retirees receiving benefits	38	3
Retirees eligible for but not receiving benefits	1	_
Active employees	194	19
Total	233	22

#### Plan Descriptions, Eligibility Information and Funding Policies

#### §501(c)(9) Plan

Plan Description. The §501(c)(9) plan known as the Truckee Meadows Water Authority Post-Retirement Medical Plan and Trust (Plan), is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that was established to provide eligible TMWA employees with post-employment health benefits. The Plan was amended to provide post-retirement life insurance benefits in July 2011. Pursuant to Nevada State Administrative Regulations, adopted in September 2008, the Plan is governed by not less than three, but not more than five trustees. Four trustees were appointed by the TMWA Board, two from non-represented employees and two from represented employees. The Plan issues a financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by contacting TMWA in writing at P.O. Box 30013, Reno, NV 89520-3013.

Eligibility. Effective December 13, 2018, the Board adopted a resolution to close the Plan to employees hired on or after December 13, 2018. Existing employees and plan participants currently receiving benefits were not impacted by this resolution. There are three employee classifications eligible for benefits: a pre-January 1, 1998 collective bargaining unit group, a post-December 31, 1997 collective bargaining unit group, and a group for management, professional, and administrative (MPAT) personnel hired prior to December 13, 2018. Eligibility requirements benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are amended through TMWA's collective bargaining agreements for its represented employees and by the TMWA Board with respect to MPAT employees.

Employees must have at least ten years of service to be eligible for benefits and must be at least 55 years of age. The pre-January 1, 1998 group of represented employees will receive a subsidy as a percentage of the total health premium, dependent upon years of service and age of retirement, with a maximum subsidy of 85% with 20 years of credited service. Employees with 20 or more years of service electing the Medicare Risk Contract would pay nothing towards health premiums. For this group, dependents are also covered. The post-December 31, 1997 group of represented employees will receive a total subsidy of \$1,250 times years of service towards health care premiums. This amount does not grow with interest and once exhausted a retiree may convert to COBRA, but only for the 18 month continuation period. For MPAT employees, the annual subsidy is \$235 times years of service, up to 30 years, prorated for each month of retirement while under the age of 65. On or after the age of 65, the subsidy is \$105 times years of service prorated for each month of retirement while age 65 and older. If an MPAT employee retires and draws benefits before age 62, the subsidy is reduced by 5% for each full year retirement precedes 62.

There is no extra subsidy for spousal or dependent coverage except continuation benefits provided for under COBRA. Retirees are responsible for the remaining portion of premiums.

<u>Funding Policy.</u> Beginning in fiscal year 2011, the plan has funded retiree benefits through its Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) that TMWA established as an irrevocable trust for funding of the post-employment health benefits. TMWA funds the plan based on the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) each year.

## §115 Plan

Plan Description. On December 17, 2014, TMWA formed The Truckee Meadows Water Authority OPEB Trust Fund (§115 Plan), a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that was established to provide certain eligible TMWA employees with post-employment health benefits. This specific plan was formed to provide post-employment benefits to qualified transferred Washoe County employees as a result of the water utility transfer of operations. STMGID had no employees and was contractually operated by Washoe County. The §115 Plan is a closed plan that will provide future benefits to the remaining eligible transferred employees and no new beneficiaries can be enrolled in this plan.

<u>Eligibility</u>. There are two employee classifications eligible for benefits in this plan: Tier I and Tier II classifications.

For Tier I retirees that have at least ten years but less than 15 years of combined full-time employment with Washoe County and/or TMWA the maximum benefits payable by the §115 Plan will be 50% of the premium for coverage of such retiree under the benefit plans. For Tier I employees that have at least fifteen years but less than twenty years of combined full-time employment with Washoe County and/or TMWA the maximum benefits payable by the §115 Plan will be 75% of the premium for coverage of such retiree under the benefit plans. For Tier I employees that have at least twenty years of combined full-time employment with Washoe County and/or TMWA the maximum benefits payable by the §115 Plan will be 100% of the premium for coverage of such retiree under the benefit plans.

For Tier I retirees who have attained the Medicare Eligibility Age (currently age 65) during a plan year must enroll in and pay the cost of Medicare Part "A" and Medicare Part "B" or Medicare Part "C" coverage and the §115 Plan will become the secondary payer regardless of whether the retiree enrolls in the Medicare program or not. The Medicare Eligibility Age is currently defined as age 65 but will be changed if Medicare changes the eligibility age.

For Tier II retirees the maximum benefits to be paid by the §115 Plan who have not attained Medicare Eligibility Age (currently age 65) is to be the same amount as the premium paid for group health coverage by an employer for coverage of non-state employees under the Nevada State Public Employee Benefit Plan (PEBP) Retiree Health Insurance plan. The 2003 Nevada Legislature passed legislation (AB 286) that afforded public employees of Nevada political subdivisions the opportunity to enroll, upon their retirement in the PEBP Retiree Health Insurance Plan and obligated public employers of enrolled retirees to pay a portion of the medical premium on the retiree's behalf (the Subsidy). Tier II Retirees are entitled to receive the Subsidy from the §115 Plan towards their coverage under the employer Benefit Plans rather than the PEBP Retiree Health Plan.

For Tier II retirees who have attained the Medicare Eligibility Age (currently age 65) or older will instead receive benefits equal to the equivalent of the State of Nevada's Medicare Exchange Retiree HRA Contribution Subsidy based upon the combined years of service with Washoe County and/or TMWA and must elect Medicare. The Medicare Eligibility Age is currently defined as age 65 but will be changed if Medicare changes the eligibility age.

In order to receive the benefits described the Tier II employee must be an employee of TMWA immediately prior to drawing their retirement benefits.

<u>Funding Policy.</u> The plan funds retiree benefits through an irrevocable trust for funding of the post-employment health benefits. TMWA funds the §115 Plan based on the ADC each year.

## **OPEB Expense and Net Position**

Total OPEB Expense recognized for fiscal years June 30, 2019 and 2018 is below:

	§501	l(c)(9) Plan	§115 Plan		Total	
2019	\$	362,331	\$ 133,768	\$	496,099	
2018	\$	182,959	\$ 100,914	\$	283,873	

Changes in Net Position for each plan for the measurement period ended December 31, 2018 is below:

	§	501(c)(9) Pla	n	§115 Plan				
	Total OPEB Liability	Fiduciary Net Position			Total OPEB Fiduciary Liability Net Position			
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018	\$ 10,694,671	\$ 10,926,894	\$ (232,223)	\$ 1,826,373	\$ 999,831	\$ 826,542		
Measurement Date - December 31, 2017								
Changes During the Period:								
Service Cost	295,437	_	295,437	56,960	_	56,960		
Interest Cost	648,751	_	648,751	111,978	_	111,978		
Expected Investment Income	_	653,877	(653,877)	_	61,939	(61,939)		
Employer Contributions	_	324,529	(324,529)	_	119,366	(119,366)		
Auditing Fees	_	(18,545)	18,545	_	(13,690)	13,690		
Investment & Administrative Fees	_	(3,441)	3,441	_	(770)	770		
Legal Fees	_	(5,250)	5,250	_	(5,864)	5,864		
Retiree Contributions In	_	117,015	(117,015)	_	5,244	(5,244)		
Retiree Contributions Out	_	(117,015)	117,015	_	(5,244)	5,244		
Benefit Payments	(355,168)	(355,168)	_	(34,065)	(34,065)	_		
Investment Experience		(1,178,531)	1,178,531		(108,397)	108,397		
Net Changes	589,020	(582,529)	1,171,549	134,873	18,519	116,354		
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019	\$ 11,283,691	\$ 10,344,365	\$ 939,326	\$ 1,961,246	\$ 1,018,350	\$ 942,896		

Measurement Date - December 31, 2018

Changes in Net Position for each plan for the measurement period ended December 31, 2017 is below:

	§	501(c)(9) Pla	ın	§115 Plan						
	Total OPEB Fiduciary (Asset)/ Total OPEB Liability Net Position Liability Liability		Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB (Asset)/ Liability						
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017	\$ 10,062,447	\$ 9,268,879	\$ 793,568	\$ 1,677,294	\$ 787,288	\$ 890,006				
Measurement Date - December 31, 2016										
Changes During the Period:										
Service Cost	284,073	_	284,073	54,769	_	54,769				
Interest Cost	612,850	_	612,850	103,644	_	103,644				
Expected Investment Income	_	560,422	(560,422)	_	49,833	(49,833)				
Employer Contributions	_	445,063	(445,063)	_	103,441	(103,441)				
Auditing Fees	_	(15,500)	15,500	_	(6,000)	6,000				
Investment & Administrative Fees	_	(2,612)	2,612	_	(780)	780				
Legal Fees	_	(19,268)	19,268	_	(788)	788				
Retiree Contributions In	_	93,172	(93,172)	_	930	(930)				
Retiree Contributions Out	_	(93,172)	93,172	_	(930)	930				
Benefit Payments	(264,699)	(264,699)	_	(9,334)	(9,334)	_				
Investment Experience		954,609	(954,609)		76,171	(76,171)				
Net Changes	632,224	1,658,015	(1,025,791)	149,079	212,543	(63,464)				
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018	\$ 10,694,671	\$ 10,926,894	\$ (232,223)	\$ 1,826,373	\$ 999,831	\$ 826,542				

Measurement Date - December 31, 2017

A schedule of the plans' deferred resources as of June 30, 2019 is below:

	§501(c)(9) Plan			§115 Plan				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Investments	\$	370,060	\$	_	\$	41,015	\$	_
Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date		258,430		_		121,798		_
Total	\$	628,490	\$		\$	162,813	\$	

A schedule of the plans' deferred resources as of June 30, 2018 is below:

		§501(c)	(9) P	lan		§115	Plan	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Investments	\$	_	\$	763,687	\$		\$	60,937
Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date		324,529		_		119,366		_
Total	\$	324,529	\$	763,687	\$	119,366	\$	60,937

TMWA will recognize the Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date in the next fiscal year. In addition, future recognition of other deferred resources as of June 30, 2019 is shown below.

	§501(c)	§115 Plan	
Year ended June 30,	Deferred Recognize Expo	d in OPEB	Deferred Inflows Recognized in OPEB Expense
2020	\$	44,784	\$ 6,445
2021		44,784	6,445
2022		44,785	6,444
2023		235,707	21,681
2024		_	_
Thereafter		_	_

## **Actuarial Valuation Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Healthcare trend rate (both plans) - TMWA plan medical premiums and per capita claims costs are assumed to increase at the following rates:

Effective January 1	Premium Increase	Effective January 1	Premium Increase
2019	6.3%	2023	5.3%
2020	6.0%	2024	5.0%
2021	5.8%	2025	5.0%
2022	5.5%	Thereafter	5.0%

## Additional significant assumptions are listed below for each plan:

Assumption	§501(c)(9) Plan	§115 Plan
Valuation Date	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2017
Funding Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets	Market value of assets
Mortality	Males: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table Females: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table set back 1 year	Males: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table Females: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table set back 1 year
	The rates described above were then adjusted to anticipate future mortality improvements each year until the payments anticipated in any future year occur.	The rates described above were then adjusted to anticipate future mortality improvements each year until the payments anticipated in any future year occur.
Long-Term Return on Assets and Discount Rate	6.0% Based on estimated future returns of the Retirement Benefits Investment Board. Rate is applied to all periods of projected benefit payments.	6.0% Based on estimated future returns of the Retirement Benefits Investment Board. Rate is applied to all periods of projected benefit payments.
Participants Valued	Only current active employees and retired participants and covered dependents are valued, excluding those who transferred to TMWA from Washoe County. No future entrants are considered in this valuation.	Only current active employees and retired participants who transferred to TMWA from Washoe County and covered dependents are valued. This plan is closed to new members.
Salary Increase	4.0% per year	4.0% per year
Assumed Wage Inflation	3.0% per year; a component of assumed average annual payroll increases	3.0% per year; a component of assumed average annual payroll increases
General Inflation Rate	2.75% per year	2.75% per year
Medicare Eligibility	All individuals are assumed to be eligible for Medicare Parts A and B at age 65.	All individuals are assumed to be eligible for Medicare Parts A and B at age 65.
Employer Cost Sharing	<b>IBEW Pre - 1998 Hires</b> : Increases in the PRMPT-paid portion of healthcare premiums are assumed to increase at the same rates as medical trend (described above).	<b>Tier 1</b> : Increases in the Trust-paid portion of healthcare premiums are assumed to increase at the same rates as medical trend (described above).
	<b>IBEW Post-1997 Hires</b> : The \$1,250 service multiplier is assumed to remain fixed at its current level in all future years. Retirees are expected to exhaust the lifetime allowance 4 years following retirement.	<b>Tier 2</b> : The TMWA subsidy provided prior to age 65 is assumed to increase at the same rates as medical trend. The subsidy provided at ages 65 and above is assumed to increase by 4.5% per year.
	<b>MPAT</b> : The \$235 (pre-65) and \$105 (post-65) service multipliers are assumed to remain fixed at their current level in all future years.	

GASB Statement No. 75 allows reporting liabilities as of any fiscal year end based on: (1) a *valuation date* no more than 30 months plus 1 day prior to the close of the fiscal year end; and (2) a *measurement date* up to one year prior to the close of the fiscal year. The following dates were used for this report:

Fiscal Year End	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	December 31, 2018

Measurement Period December 31, 2017 to December 31, 2018

Valuation Date December 31, 2017

The discount rates used for the measurement periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 is 6.0%. Medical Cost Inflation was assumed to start at 6.25% and grade down to 5.0% for years 2024 and thereafter. The impact of a 1% increase or decrease in these assumptions is shown in the charts below for the two measurement periods.

#### Measurement Date - December 31, 2018

§501(c)(9) Plan		Discount Rate			Medical Cost Inflat					ion		
	Di	iscount Rate			Discount Rate		Medical Trend		Current		Medical Trend	
		- 1%	Di	scount Rate		+ 1 %		- 1%	M	Iedical Trend		+ 1 %
Total OPEB Liability	\$	12,547,968	\$	11,283,691	\$	10,199,752	\$	10,132,109	\$	11,283,691	\$	12,794,928
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	2,203,603	\$	939,326	\$	(144,613)	\$	(212,256)	\$	939,326	\$	2,450,563
§115 Plan			Di	scount Rate				N	1edic	cal Cost Inflatio	n	
	Di	scount Rate			D	iscount Rate	M	edical Trend		Current	M	edical Trend
		-1%	Di	scount Rate		+1%		-1%	M	edical Trend		+1%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,237,539	\$	1,961,246	\$	1,731,316	\$	1,670,402	\$	1,961,246	\$	2,347,587
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,219,189	\$	942,896	\$	712,966	\$	652,052	\$	942,896	\$	1,329,237

#### **Measurement Date - December 31, 2017**

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§501(c)(9) Plan	D	iscount Rate	Ъ	iscount Rate	D	iscount Rate		edical Trend	viedic	cal Cost Inflatio		edical Trend
		- 1%	D	iscount Rate		+ 1 %		- 1%	M	edical Trend		+ 1 %
Total OPEB Liability	\$	11,927,167	\$	10,694,671	\$	9,639,197	\$	9,647,634	\$	10,694,671	\$	12,067,197
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,000,273	\$	(232,223)	\$	(1,287,697)	\$	(1,279,260)	\$	(232,223)	\$	1,140,303
§115 Plan			Di	scount Rate				N	/ledic	al Cost Inflatio	n	
	Di	scount Rate			Di	scount Rate	Me	edical Trend		Current	M	edical Trend
		- 1%	Di	scount Rate		+ 1 %		- 1%	M	edical Trend		+ 1 %
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,093,203	\$	1,826,373	\$	1,605,093	\$	1,559,685	\$	1,826,373	\$	2,180,680
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,093,372	\$	826,542	\$	605,262	\$	559,854	\$	826,542	\$	1,180,849

#### **OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the OPEB plans fiduciary net position are available in separately issued financial statements and can be requested by contacting TMWA's Finance Department at P.O. Box 30013, Reno, NV 89509-3013.

#### **Note 12 - Commitments**

TMWA has committed \$700,000 as a contribution to the Truckee River Fund of the Community Foundation of Western Nevada, for the purposes of water shed protection and enhancements to the Truckee River that will benefit the water customers of TMWA. This payment was made in September 2019.

#### **Note 13 - Subsequent Events**

In October 2019, TMWA reduced its outstanding commercial paper balance from \$23,500,000 to \$18,500,000 with a payment from unrestricted cash of \$5,000,000.

# Required Supplementary Information Truckee Meadows Water Authority

		2019		2018	2017
§501(c)(9) Plan	_		_		
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$	295,437	\$	284,073	\$ 273,146
Interest		648,751		612,850	576,050
Changes of benefit terms		_		_	_
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		_	_
Changes of assumptions		_			_
Benefit payments		(355,168)		(264,699)	(228,880)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		10,694,671		10,062,447	9,442,131
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	11,283,691	\$	10,694,671	\$ 10,062,447
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$	324,529	\$	445,063	\$ 244,429
Net investment income		(524,654)		1,515,031	536,863
Benefit payments		(355,168)		(264,699)	(228,880)
Auditing fees		(18,545)		(15,500)	(12,900)
Investment & administrative fees		(3,441)		(2,612)	(2,490)
Legal fees		(5,250)		(19,268)	(1,663)
Retiree contributions in		117,015		93,172	90,145
Retiree contributions out		(117,015)		(93,172)	(90,145)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(582,529)		1,658,015	535,359
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		10,926,894		9,268,879	8,733,520
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	10,344,365	\$	10,926,894	\$ 9,268,879
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	939,326	\$	(232,223)	\$ 793,568
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		91.7%		102.2 %	92.1%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	20,579,301	\$	18,623,746	\$ 16,285,682
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		4.6%		(1.2)%	4.9%

<sup>\*</sup>Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be disclosed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

		2019		2018		2017
§115 Plan	_		_		_	
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost	\$	56,960	\$	54,769	\$	52,663
Interest		111,978		103,644		94,941
Changes of benefit terms		_		_		_
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		_		_
Changes of assumptions		_		_		_
Benefit payments		(34,065)		(9,334)		
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		1,826,373		1,677,294		1,529,690
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	1,961,246	\$	1,826,373	\$	1,677,294
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	119,366	\$	103,441	\$	151,176
Net investment income		(46,458)		126,004		35,423
Benefit payments		(34,065)		(9,334)		_
Auditing fees		(13,690)		(6,000)		(8,900)
Investment & administrative fees		(770)		(780)		(675)
Legal fees		(5,864)		(788)		(1,138)
Retiree contributions in		5,244		930		_
Retiree contributions out		(5,244)		(930)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		18,519		212,543		175,886
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	999,831		787,288		611,402
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	1,018,350	\$	999,831	\$	787,288
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	942,896	\$	826,542	\$	890,006
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		51.9%		54.7%		46.9%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,866,073	\$	1,951,732	\$	1,868,197
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		50.5%		42.3%		47.6%

<sup>\*</sup>Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be disclosed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

	2019	2018	2017
§501(c)(9) Plan			
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 298,077	\$ 284,882	\$ 445,063
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	258,430	324,529	445,063
Contribution deficiency (excess)	39,647	(39,647)	_
Covered-employee payroll	21,778,468	18,936,890	18,341,120
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	1.2%	1.7%	2.4%
§115 Plan			
Actuarially Determined Contribution	121,798	119,366	103,441
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	121,798	119,366	103,441
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	_	
Covered-employee payroll	1,771,775	1,886,143	1,958,832
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	6.9%	6.3%	5.3%

Healthcare trend rate (both plans) - TMWA plan medical premiums and per capita claims costs are assumed to increase at the following rates:

Effective January 1	Premium Effective Increase January 1		Premium Increase
2019	6.3%	2023	5.3%
2020	6.0%	2024	5.0%
2021	5.8%	2025	5.0%
2022	5.5%	Thereafter	5.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be disclosed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

# Additional significant assumptions are listed below for each plan:

Assumption	§501(c)(9) Plan	§115 Plan
Valuation Date	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2017
Funding Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets	Market value of assets
Mortality	Males: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table Females: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table set back 1 year	Males: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table Females: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table set back 1 year
	The rates described above were then adjusted to anticipate future mortality improvements each year until the payments anticipated in any future year occur.	The rates described above were then adjusted to anticipate future mortality improvements each year until the payments anticipated in any future year occur.
Long-Term Return on Assets and Discount Rate	6.0% Based on estimated future returns of the Retirement Benefits Investment Board. Rate is applied to all periods of projected benefit payments.	6.0% Based on estimated future returns of the Retirement Benefits Investment Board. Rate is applied to all periods of projected benefit payments.
Participants Valued	Only current active employees and retired participants and covered dependents are valued, excluding those who transferred to TMWA from Washoe County. No future entrants are considered in this valuation.	Only current active employees and retired participants who transferred to TMWA from Washoe County and covered dependents are valued. This plan is closed to new members.
Salary Increase	4.0% per year	4.0% per year
Assumed Wage Inflation	3.0% per year; a component of assumed average annual payroll increases	3.0% per year; a component of assumed average annual payroll increases
General Inflation Rate	2.75% per year	2.75% per year
Medicare Eligibility	All individuals are assumed to be eligible for Medicare Parts A and B at age 65.	All individuals are assumed to be eligible for Medicare Parts A and B at age 65.
Employer Cost Sharing	<b>IBEW Pre - 1998 Hires</b> : Increases in the PRMPT-paid portion of healthcare premiums are assumed to increase at the same rates as medical trend (described above).	<b>Tier 1</b> : Increases in the Trust-paid portion of healthcare premiums are assumed to increase at the same rates as medical trend (described above).
	<b>IBEW Post-1997 Hires</b> : The \$1,250 service multiplier is assumed to remain fixed at its current level in all future years. Retirees are expected to exhaust the lifetime allowance 4 years following retirement.	<b>Tier 2</b> : The TMWA subsidy provided prior to age 65 is assumed to increase at the same rates as medical trend. The subsidy provided at ages 65 and above is assumed to increase by 4.5% per year.
	<b>MPAT</b> : The \$235 (pre-65) and \$105 (post-65) service multipliers are assumed to remain fixed at their current level in all future years.	

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
TMWA's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2761%	0.2806%	0.2674%	0.2345%	0.2139%
TMWA's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 37,658,701	\$ 37,323,782	\$ 35,783,246	\$ 26,869,406	\$ 22,293,306
TMWA's covered payroll	\$ 18,259,883	\$ 17,947,692	\$ 16,314,669	\$ 14,077,995	\$ 12,573,558
TMWA's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	206.24%	207.96%	219.33%	190.86%	177.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.24%	74.42%	72.23%	75.13%	76.30%

<sup>\*</sup>Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. Future years' information will be disclosed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

	 2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 2,865,963	\$	2,562,356	\$	5,037,877	\$	4,534,811	\$	3,629,441
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 2,865,963	\$	2,562,356	\$	5,037,877	\$	4,534,811	\$	3,629,441
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
TMWA's covered payroll	\$ 20,440,658	\$	18,259,883	\$	17,947,692	\$	16,314,669	\$	14,077,995
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.02%	)	14.03%	)	28.07%	)	27.80%	)	25.78%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

\*Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. Future years' information will be disclosed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Beginning in 2018, Contributions reflect employer-paid contributions only due to GASB Statement No. 82, which classifies contributions as member contributions for the purposes of GASB Statement No. 68 if they are made by an employer to satisfy what are actually deemed to be member contribution requirements.

Supplementary Information June 30, 2019 and 2018

Truckee Meadows Water Authority

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Operating Revenues			
Charges for water sales	\$ 100,626,513	\$ 101,496,912	\$ 870,399
Hydroelectric sales	2,812,568	2,624,285	(188,283)
Other operating sales	3,404,500	2,968,321	(436,179)
	, ,		
Total operating revenues	106,843,581	107,089,518	245,937
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and wages	21,078,271	20,973,151	105,120
Employee benefits	10,125,919	10,184,189	(58,270)
Services and supplies	28,268,124	28,475,960	(207,836)
Total operating expenses before depreciation	59,472,314	59,633,300	(160,986)
Depreciation	33,862,476	32,833,604	1,028,872
Total operating expenses	93,334,790	92,466,904	867,886
Operating Income	13,508,791	14,622,614	1,113,823
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Investment earnings	2,833,548	4,409,486	1,575,938
Net change in fair value of investments		2,843,154	2,843,154
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(225,687)	(225,687)
Bond/note issue costs and amortization of bond insurance	(215,748)	(218,132)	(2,384)
Interest expense	(13,436,520)	(13,268,153)	168,367
Other nonoperating expense		(233,494)	(233,494)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(10,818,720)	(6,692,826)	4,125,894
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions	2,690,071	7,929,788	5,239,717
Capital Contributions			
Grants	1,700,000	831,116	(868,884)
Water meter retrofit program	676,020	994,706	318,686
Water resource sustainability program	´—	689,060	689,060
Developer infrastructure contributions	_	19,112,590	19,112,590
Developer will-serve contributions (net of refunds)	3,470,232	4,663,826	1,193,594
Developer capital contributions-other	5,922,000	6,636,417	714,417
Developer facility charges (net of refunds)	4,950,708	9,154,403	4,203,695
Contributions from other governments		100,000	100,000
Net capital contributions	16,718,960	42,182,118	25,463,158
Change in Net Position	\$ 19,409,031	\$ 50,111,906	\$ 30,702,875

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Operating Revenues			
Charges for water sales	\$ 94,303,278	\$ 95,181,554	\$ 878,276
Hydroelectric sales	2,990,391	3,757,043	766,652
Other operating sales	3,131,500	2,873,495	(258,005)
Total operating revenues	100,425,169	101,812,092	1,386,923
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and wages	19,024,704	18,735,892	288,812
Employee benefits	9,303,274	12,919,692	(3,616,418)
Services and supplies	28,312,357	25,835,318	2,477,039
Total operating expenses before depreciation	56,640,335	57,490,902	(850,567)
Depreciation	34,061,148	32,820,720	1,240,428
Total operating expenses	90,701,483	90,311,622	389,861
Operating Income	9,723,686	11,500,470	1,776,784
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Investment earnings	1,342,692	2,313,513	970,821
Net change in fair value of investments	1,5 12,072	(934,120)	(934,120)
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		133,972	133,972
Bond/note issue costs and amortization of bond insurance	(468,624)	(942,927)	(474,303)
Interest expense	(13,394,016)	(11,720,356)	1,673,660
Other nonoperating expense		(12,749)	(12,749)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(12,519,948)	(11,162,667)	1,357,281
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions	(2,796,262)	337,803	3,134,065
Capital Contributions			
Grants	200,004	348,248	148,244
Water meter retrofit program	781,488	2,379,206	1,597,718
Developer infrastructure contributions	, <u> </u>	15,017,446	15,017,446
Developer will-serve contributions (net of refunds)	5,034,744	6,652,819	1,618,075
Developer capital contributions-other	4,345,296	6,448,549	2,103,253
Developer facility charges (net of refunds)	4,826,436	6,464,559	1,638,123
Contributions from other governments		100,000	100,000
Net capital contributions	15,187,968	37,410,827	22,222,859
Change in Net Position	\$ 12,391,706	\$ 37,748,630	\$ 25,356,924

### **Statistical Section**

### Truckee Meadows Water Authority

This part of the Truckee Meadows Water Authority comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Authority's overall financial health.

Section Contents	Schedule No.
<b>Financial Trends</b> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Authority's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-6
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the Authority's ability to generate its water sales and other revenues.	7-8
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Authority's current levels of outstanding debt, and its ability to issue additional future debt.	9
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Authority's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other utilities.	10-12
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the Authority's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the Authority's financial information relates to the services it provides and the activities it performs.	13-17
<b>Debt Ratios</b> These schedules contain information about changes in the Authority's debt and its debt in relation to service connections.	18-19
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the	

comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

		Fiscal Year											
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010			
Net Position													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 573,174,076	\$ 533,058,874	\$ 506,700,472	\$ 478,543,111	\$ 444,402,572	\$ 232,327,785	\$ 227,319,870	\$ 222,418,497	\$ 223,410,534	\$ 220,473,195			
Restricted	29,351,818	30,123,412	28,589,861	40,505,804	42,158,803	25,198,683	22,644,404	13,678,852	22,873,643	23,515,136			
Unrestricted	115,662,201	104,893,903	95,037,226	65,933,399	77,312,759	54,036,550	51,471,349	57,107,888	41,907,040	43,968,725			
Total Net Position	\$ 718,188,095	\$ 668,076,189	\$ 630,327,559	\$ 584,982,314	\$ 563,874,134	\$ 311,563,018	\$ 301,435,623	\$ 293,205,237	\$ 288,191,217	\$ 287,957,056			

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

Fiscal Year	Operating Revenues	Operating Expenses	Operating Income	Total Nonoperating Revenues/ (Expenses)	Income/ (Loss) before Capital Contributions	Capital Contributions	Special Item	Change in Net Position
2019	\$107,089,518	\$ 92,466,904	\$ 14,622,614	\$ (6,692,826)	\$ 7,929,788	\$ 42,182,118	\$ —	\$ 50,111,906
2018	101,812,092	90,311,622	11,500,470	(11,162,667)	337,803	37,410,827	_	37,748,630
2017	97,268,183	82,339,194	14,928,989	(11,684,303)	3,244,686	43,351,171		46,595,857
2016	91,928,943	80,615,507	11,313,436	(9,491,450)	1,821,986	19,286,194		21,108,180
2015*	90,029,316	70,114,860	19,914,456	(23,526,380)	(3,611,924)	19,638,821	231,516,024	247,542,921
2014	84,315,390	59,317,860	24,997,530	(20,386,339)	4,611,191	5,516,204	_	10,127,395
2013	85,577,107	59,619,074	25,958,033	(20,675,251)	5,282,782	2,947,604	_	8,230,386
2012	81,790,499	56,622,273	25,168,226	(19,023,050)	6,145,176	1,109,062	_	7,254,238
2011	76,246,433	55,542,274	20,704,159	(21,802,941)	(1,098,782)	1,332,941	_	234,159
2010	75,667,848	58,388,775	17,279,073	(20,269,550)	(2,990,477)	5,841,325	_	2,850,848

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

					Fisca	l Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Revenues from water sales										
Residential unmetered water sales	\$ 2,558,767	\$ 2,505,160	\$ 2,446,144	\$ 3,725,916	\$ 9,366,307	\$ 9,731,811	\$ 10,288,324	\$ 10,899,330	\$ 11,611,351	\$ 13,115,143
Residential metered water sales	71,651,111	67,393,330	65,829,635	60,198,267	51,796,871	44,137,033	43,957,551	41,476,536	37,636,859	35,962,518
Commercial metered water sales	12,807,368	12,238,878	11,369,179	11,026,132	11,339,953	10,755,824	10,885,539	10,473,659	10,214,401	10,112,854
Irrigation metered & fire protection	13,230,227	11,878,580	11,887,395	11,554,063	11,123,168	10,720,156	11,031,924	10,129,233	9,007,523	8,894,110
Wholesale sales	1,249,439	1,165,606	1,154,907	1,029,954	2,560,399	3,845,593	3,748,276	3,473,100	2,938,106	3,136,081
Total water sales	101,496,912	95,181,554	92,687,260	87,534,332	86,186,698	79,190,417	79,911,614	76,451,858	71,408,240	71,220,706
Hydroelectric revenue	2,624,285	3,757,043	1,788,934	1,175,195	1,366,786	3,045,147	3,557,965	3,519,897	3,079,158	2,577,660
Other operating revenues	2,968,321	2,873,495	2,791,989	3,219,416	2,475,832	2,079,826	2,107,528	1,818,744	1,759,035	1,869,482
Total operating revenues	\$107,089,518	\$101,812,092	\$ 97,268,183	\$ 91,928,943	\$ 90,029,316	\$ 84,315,390	\$ 85,577,107	\$ 81,790,499	\$ 76,246,433	\$ 75,667,848

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflect changes as a result of the water utility consolidation discussed in Note 1 of the financial statements.

					Fisca	l Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Salaries and wages	\$ 20,973,151	\$ 18,735,892	\$ 17,257,014	\$ 16,541,811	\$ 13,763,006	\$ 12,007,022	\$ 11,128,162	\$ 11,049,337	\$ 11,180,101	\$ 11,619,701
Employee benefits	10,184,189	12,919,692	8,931,838	6,364,279	5,271,735	5,045,922	4,819,187	4,537,531	4,378,347	4,429,266
Contract services	8,191,575	8,678,689	6,204,863	7,335,521	6,321,061	4,826,066	4,868,532	5,090,741	5,488,432	6,623,576
Utilities/power	5,953,121	5,322,771	5,201,870	5,386,413	5,449,347	5,189,312	4,571,453	4,432,932	6,639,620	7,384,879
Prof services (general/legal/media/leg)	2,821,923	2,905,859	2,258,454	2,512,154	3,132,132	2,538,097	1,610,614	1,254,751	1,909,575	2,751,236
Supplies	2,660,187	2,317,853	2,635,229	2,700,906	2,572,699	1,736,763	1,522,106	1,155,351	1,112,419	1,319,905
Chemicals	2,286,659	1,605,280	1,984,300	1,803,614	1,554,496	1,383,824	1,333,002	1,361,144	1,653,424	1,443,177
Insurance and claims	847,844	675,430	719,604	742,006	684,021	501,300	534,577	608,352	647,983	611,405
Leases and rentals	256,836	104,243	146,999	96,290	79,639.67	70,196	74,595.51	84,843.57	69,471.58	124,562.51
Other expenses	5,457,815	4,225,195	4,829,545	4,998,323	3,387,273	3,802,687	3,810,820	3,645,076	3,318,784	3,754,603
Total operating expenses before depreciation	59,633,300	57,490,904	50,169,716	48,481,317	42,215,410	37,101,189	34,273,049	33,220,059	36,398,157	40,062,311
Depreciation	32,833,604	32,820,720	32,169,578	32,134,190	27,899,449	22,517,885	22,349,225	22,322,217	21,990,618	22,153,951
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 92,466,904	\$ 90,311,624	\$ 82,339,294	\$ 80,615,507	\$ 70,114,859	\$ 59,619,074	\$ 56,622,274	\$ 55,542,276	\$ 58,388,775	\$ 62,216,262

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

Fiscal Year	 nvestment Earnings	*******		Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets		Other Revenue or Expenses		Total Nonoperating Expenses	
2019	\$ 4,409,486	\$	(13,268,153)	\$ (225,687)	\$	2,391,528	\$	(6,692,826)	
2018	2,313,513		(11,720,356)	133,972		(1,889,796)		(11,162,667)	
2017	7,209,113		(16,968,911)	(155,722)		(1,768,783)		(11,684,303)	
2016	6,737,745		(21,549,864)	6,460,373		(1,139,704)		(9,491,450)	
2015*	2,127,009		(21,281,117)	(653,698)		(3,718,574)		(23,526,380)	
2014	2,051,156		(21,282,412)	(136,300)		(1,018,783)		(20,386,339)	
2013	2,007,375		(21,791,975)	(21,463)		(869,188)		(20,675,251)	
2012	2,277,298		(21,786,675)	(611,086)		305,640		(19,814,823)	
2011	2,322,169		(22,431,967)	(4,705)		(1,963,275)		(22,077,778)	
2010	1,894,518		(22,291,259)	8,848		(742,748)		(21,130,641)	

Fiscal Year	Developer Water Rights/ Will Serves	Developer Infrastructure	Developer Other	Water Meter Retrofit Program	Developer Facility Charges	Grants	Water Resource Sustainability Program	From Others	Total
2019	\$ 4,663,826	\$ 19,112,590	\$ 6,636,417	\$ 994,706	\$ 9,154,403	\$ 831,116	\$ 689,060	\$ 100,000	\$ 42,182,118
2018	6,652,819	15,017,446	6,448,549	2,379,206	6,464,559	348,248	_	100,000	37,410,827
2017	7,950,666	10,797,854	6,062,247	341,074	5,116,956	1,226,863	_	11,855,511	43,351,171
2016	4,363,692	8,454,980	2,473,163	482,081	2,931,940	224,138	_	356,200	19,286,194
2015*	1,864,446	2,703,092	1,588,158	1,013,896	2,494,434	276,260	_	9,698,535	19,638,821
2014	1,529,129	1,723,023	410,447	479,488	963,660	343,628	_	66,829	5,516,204
2013	201,871	702,699	469,732	174,698	1,047,715	208,227	_	142,662	2,947,604
2012	173,599	263,249	153,475	173,094	263,089	791,773	_	82,556	1,900,835
2011	125,123	507,970	126,899	170,201	252,748	274,837	_	150,000	1,607,778
2010	133,305	4,088,095	184,791	248,618	437,933	861,091	_	748,583	6,702,416

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

	20	)19	2018			
	Gallons		Gallons			
Category	Sold (000)	Revenue	Sold (000)	Revenue		
Residential-Unmetered (1)	_	\$ 2,558,767		\$ 2,505,160		
Residential Metered	16,970,042	71,651,111	16,335,308	67,393,330		
Commercial	4,315,407	12,807,368	4,232,836	12,238,878		
Other (2)	2,974,110	13,230,227	2,698,977	11,878,580		
Wholesale	619,928	1,249,439	591,624	1,165,606		
Total	24,879,487	\$ 101,496,912	23,858,745			
	20	)17	2016	5		
	Gallons		Gallons			
,	Sold (000)	Revenue	Sold (000)	Revenue		
Residential-Unmetered (1)	_	\$ 2,446,145	_ 5	3,725,916		
Residential Metered	16,487,693	65,829,634	14,633,319	60,198,267		
Commercial	4,277,917	11,887,395	4,086,057	11,026,132		
Other (2)	2,749,795	11,369,179	2,579,408	11,554,063		
Wholesale	613,051	1,154,907	542,875	1,029,954		
Total	24,128,456	\$ 92,687,260	21,841,659	87,534,332		
		15*	2014	<u> </u>		
	Gallons		Gallons			
	Sold (000)	Revenue	Sold (000)	Revenue		
Residential-Unmetered (1)	_	\$ 9,366,307	_ 9	9,731,811		
Residential Metered	15,151,881	51,796,871	11,581,326	44,137,033		
Commercial	4,350,417	11,339,953	3,913,088	10,755,824		
Other (2)	2,913,757	11,123,168	2,688,389	10,720,156		
Wholesale	1,598,995	2,560,399	2,070,593	3,845,593		
Total	24,015,050	\$ 86,186,698	20,253,396	79,190,417		
	2013			2012		
	Gallons		Gallons			
	Sold (000)	Revenue	Sold (000)	Revenue		
Residential-Unmetered (1)	_	\$ 10,288,324	_ 5	10,899,330		
Residential Metered	11,916,455	43,957,551	11,077,177	41,476,536		
Commercial	4,083,972	10,885,539	3,902,183	10,473,659		
Other (2)	2,816,474	11,031,924	2,543,132	10,129,233		
Wholesale	1,982,557	3,748,276	1,831,821	3,473,100		
Total	20,799,458	\$ 79,911,614	19,354,313	76,451,858		
	20	011	2010	)		
	Gallons	D	Gallons	D		
	Sold (000)	Revenue	Sold (000)	Revenue		
Residential-Unmetered (1)	_	\$ 11,611,351	_ 5			
Residential Metered	10,233,494	37,636,859	9,940,587	35,962,518		
Commercial	3,925,081	10,214,401	4,642,286	10,112,854		
Other (2)	2,279,226	9,007,523	1,858,589	8,894,110		
Wholesale	1,573,720	2,938,106	1,284,293	3,136,081		
Total	18,011,521	\$ 71,408,240	17,725,755	71,220,706		

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Complete consumption information is not available for unmetered customers.

<sup>(2)</sup> These accounts include irrigation and non metered fire protection/sprinkler systems located on the premises of residential and commercial customers.

Customer Name	Water Used (000s Gallons)	Total Revenue	% of Total Water Sales
1 Sun Valley Water	619,928	\$ 1,147,925	1.1%
2 Washoe County School District	365,383	978,645	1.0%
3 City of Reno	277,770	860,300	0.8%
4 City of Sparks	133,345	459,093	0.5%
5 Washoe County	147,975	449,239	0.4%
6 Nevada Properties, Peppermill	168,087	447,275	0.4%
7 University of Nevada	172,577	407,928	0.4%
8 Somersett HOA	111,916	367,202	0.4%
9 GSR Holdings, LLC	162,671	307,294	0.3%
10 Renown System	92,865	252,242	0.2%
Totals	2,252,517	\$ 5,677,143	5.6%

City of Reno includes the Reno Housing Authority.

										Fiscal Year	(in m	illions)				- 1			
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015*		2014		2013		2012	 2011		2010
Operating revenues (1)	\$	101,497	\$	95,182	\$	92,687	\$	87,534	\$	86,187	\$	79,190	\$	79,912	\$	76,452	\$ 71,408	\$	71,221
Nonoperating revenues (2)		10,002		8,944		11,790		11,132		5,970		7,176		7,672		7,643	7,253		6,669
Gross revenues		111,499		104,126		104,477		98,666		92,157		86,366		87,584		84,095	78,661		77,890
Operation and maintenance expenses (3)		58,955		57,021		50,958		48,030		41,772		35,850		36,672		33,851	32,802		35,979
Taxes other than income taxes (4)		678		470		462		451		443		440		429		422	418		419
Total expenses		59,633		57,491	_	51,420		48,481		42,215		36,290		37,101		34,273	33,220		36,398
Net Revenues	\$	51,866	\$	46,635	\$	53,057	\$	50,185	\$	49,942	\$	50,076	\$	50,483	\$	49,822	\$ 45,441	\$	41,492
Senior Lien Annual Debt Service (5)	\$	17,891	\$	15,696	\$	18,916	\$	31,780	\$	29,955	\$	31,285	\$	29,672	\$	21,295	\$ 31,191	\$	31,124
Senior Lien Debt Coverage excluding SDCs		2.90		2.97		2.80		1.58		1.67		1.60		1.70		2.34	1.46		1.33
System Development Charges (SDCs):																			
Developer facility charges	\$	9,154	\$	6,465	\$	5,117	\$	2,932	\$	2,494	\$	964	\$	1,048	\$	263	\$ 253	\$	438
Developer capital contributions - other		6,636		6,449		6,062		2,473		1,588		410		470		153	127		185
Senior Lien Debt Coverage including SDCs (6)	_	3.78	_	3.79	_	3.40	_	1.75	_	1.80	_	1.64	_	1.75	_	2.36	 1.47	_	1.35

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes retail residential, commercial, irrigation water sales, and wholesale water sales net of bad debt expense.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reflects hydroelectric revenues, other miscellaneous operating revenues from fees and charges, as well as gross investment income.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes water supply, treatment, distribution, hydroelectric power plant maintenance, customer service, water resource planning, conservation programs, administration, and inspection services. Wages and salaries, employee benefits, and services and supplies comprise these expenses.

<sup>(4)</sup> The Authority is required to pay property taxes on water rights and storage facilities located in California. During the reported fiscal years TMWA paid various counties in California for hydroelectric facilities, and water storage rights in California.

<sup>(5)</sup> This schedule does not include the payments on the DWSRF loan or the tax-exempt commercial paper, which are subordinate to the 2015-A, 2016, 2017 and 2018 Refunding Bonds.

<sup>(6)</sup> TMWA's bond covenants require a minimum coverage of 1.25x total principal and interest payments. In fiscal year 2012, TMWA defeased the remaining 2001-A bonds. This resulted in a one-time increase in the senior lien debt coverage ratio. Without this defeasance, the senior lien debt coverage ratio would be 1.52x. In fiscal year 2017 and 2018, TMWA deferred principal payments on debt which increased the debt coverage ratio.

# Truckee Meadows Water Authority Schedule No. 10 - Schedule of Total Building Permits Issued by Jurisdiction/Member Entity Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Washoe County	City of Reno	City of Sparks
2019	4,307	4,709	3,890
2018	4,241	6,096	3,935
2017	2,615	5,399	3,636
2016	2,121	5,144	3,712
2015	1,807	4,792	3,581
2014	1,669	4,316	2,579
2013	1,516	3,214	2,393
2012	1,578	2,917	2,463
2011	1,272	2,919	1,763
2010	1,279	3,030	2,007

Source: As reported by each local governmental entity.

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Income (2)	Median Age (3)	School Enrollment (4)	Total Personal Income (1)	Unemploymen t rate (Percent) (5)	Total Labor Force (5)	Construction Activity Total Value (6)	Number of New Family Units (6)	Taxable Sales (7)	Gross Income Gaming Revenue (8)	Total Passenger Air Traffic (9)
2019	475,596	\$ 55	38.0	66,960	\$ 22,556,498	3.6%	250,005	\$ 458,823,000	572	\$8,829,864,000	\$ 785,532,000	4,298,555
2018	467,417	48	37.9	66,989	22,550,000	4.2%	234,378	563,415,327	501	8,531,252,745	779,000,000	4,128,476
2017	459,142	48	37.5	63,919	21,265,000	4.0%	232,719	240,534,583	394	7,989,009,111	805,557,000	3,819,896
2016	451,248	51	37.5	63,670	20,165,000	5.9%	231,570	231,741,537	320	7,550,466,734	789,359,000	3,563,818
2015	441,165	48	37.4	63,108	19,077,000	6.4%	228,430	246,627,580	255	6,817,588,648	765,248,320	3,297,642
2014	436,647	48	37.6	62,986	18,833,000	7.2%	222,607	225,096,997	198	6,370,684,534	744,962,250	3,312,839
2013	434,120	47	37.6	62,424	18,284,145	9.8%	219,607	126,468,377	159	5,824,726,136	741,038,030	3,514,421
2012	427,704	45	37.4	62,323	17,849,009	12.3%	221,764	95,875,949	83	5,522,605,351	738,151,877	3,561,557
2011	421,593	49	37.2	62,324	17,944,975	13.2%	212,480	67,721,019	55	5,282,935,192	751,466,957	3,795,421
2010	417,379	47	37.0	62,452	17,421,365	13.6%	221,954	55,952,010	35	5,176,981,699	788,545,658	3,777,701

#### Sources:

- (1) US Census-Nevada, 2008 2012. Washoe County Community Development, 2013 2017. Washoe County Schedule 4.1, 2018, 2019
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, 2008. Washoe County Community Demographic Information 2009 2017. Washoe County Schedule 4.1, 2018, 2019
- (3) Center for Regional Studies, University of Nevada, Reno 2009 2017. Washoe County Schedule 4.1, 2018, 2019
- (4) Washoe County School District. Washoe County Schedule 4.1, 2018, 2019
- (5) State Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation (DETR). Washoe County Schedule 4.1, 2018, 2019
- (6) Washoe County Building and Safety Department.
- (7) Nevada State Department of Taxation. Washoe County Schedule 4.1, 2018, 2019
- (8) Nevada State Gaming Control Board. Washoe County Schedule 4.1, 2018, 2019
- (9) Reno/Tahoe International Airport. (RTIA) Washoe County Schedule 4.1, 2018, 2019

	De	cember, 2	2018	December, 2009				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment		
Washoe County School District	8,750	1	3.50%	8,750	1	4.64%		
Renown (Washoe) Medical Center	5,000	2	1.90%	3,750	2	1.99%		
University of Nevada - Reno	4,750	3	2.00%	2,250	4	1.19%		
Washoe County	3,000	4	1.20%	2,750	3	1.46%		
Peppermill Hotel Casino - Reno	2,250	5	0.90%	2,250	6	0.01		
Grand Sierra Resort	2,250	6	0.90%	_		_		
Silver Legacy Resort Casino	2,250	7	0.90%	2,250	7	0.01		
Atlantis Casino Resort	1,750	8	0.70%	1,750	9	0.93%		
International Gaming Technology PLC	1,750	9	0.70%	2,250	5	1.19%		
St. Mary's	1,750	10	0.70%	_	_			
City of Reno	_		_	1,750	8	0.93%		
Eldorado Hotel & Casino	_	_	_	1,750	10	0.93%		
Total Washoe Covered Employment	249,828			188,791				

Note: Each of the years reflect respective 4th quarter calendar year information. Nevada Revised Statutes Chapter 612 stipulate that actual employment for individual employers may not be published. The Nevada Department of Employment Training and Rehabilitation outsources the publication of this information to Infogroup. Infogroup publishes employee counts in ranges of 5000. The number of employees are estimated using the midpoint.

Source: Nevadaworkforce.com

Nevada Employment and Unemployment Data (DES and Laus)

Washoe County Schedule 4.2

		20	19	
Category	Average Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Fiscal Year Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential-Unmetered	663	0.5%	\$ 2,558,767	2.5%
Residential Metered	113,934	91.3%	71,651,111	70.6%
Commercial	10,161	8.1%	12,807,368	12.6%
Other (2)	2	%	13,230,227	13.0%
Wholesale	2	%	1,249,439	1.2%
Total	124,762	100.0%	\$ 101,496,912	100.0%
		20	18	
	Average	0/ 077 / 1	Fiscal Year	0/ 075 / 1
Category	Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential-Unmetered	672	0.5%	\$ 2,505,160	2.6%
Residential Metered	111,963	91.3%	67,393,330	70.8%
Commercial and Irrigation	10,038	8.2%	12,238,878	12.9%
Other (2)	2	%	11,878,580	12.5%
Wholesale	2	%	1,165,606	1.2%
Total	122,677	100.0%	\$ 95,181,554	100.0%
		20	17	
	Average	0/ - 075-4-1	Fiscal Year	0/ - CT-4-1
Category	Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential-Unmetered	695	0.6%		2.6%
Residential Metered	109,939	91.2%	\$ 2,446,144 65,829,635	71.0%
Commercial and Irrigation	9,931	8.2%	11,369,179	12.3%
Other (2)	2	—%	11,887,395	12.8%
Wholesale	2	% %	1,154,907	1.2%
Total	120,569	100.0%	\$ 92,687,260	100.0%
	=======================================	20		
Category	Average Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Fiscal Year Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential-Unmetered	2,062	1.7%	\$ 3,725,916	4.3%
Residential Metered	106,730	89.9%	60,198,267	68.8%
Commercial and Irrigation	9,873	8.3%	11,026,132	12.6%
Other (2)	3	%	11,554,063	13.2%
Wholesale	1	%	1,029,954	1.2%
Total	118,669	100.0%	\$ 87,534,332	100.0%
		201	15*	
Category	Average Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Fiscal Year Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential-Unmetered	6,224	5.2%	\$ 9,366,307	10.9%
Residential Metered	100,446	83.1%	51,796,871	60.1%
Commercial and Irrigation	9,648	8.0%	11,339,953	13.2%
Other (2)	4,528	3.7%	11,123,168	12.9%
Wholesale	2	%	2,560,399	3.0%
Total	120,848	100.0%	\$ 86,186,698	100.0%

		20	14	
Category	Average Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Fiscal Year Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential-Unmetered	6,379	6.7%	\$ 9,731,811	12.3%
Residential Metered	76,422	80.0%	44,137,033	55.7%
Commercial	8,743	9.1%	10,755,824	13.6%
Other (2)	4,008	4.2%	10,720,156	13.5%
Wholesale	2	%	3,845,593	4.9%
Total	95,554	100.0%		100.0%
		20	======================================	
Category	Average Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Fiscal Year Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential-Unmetered	6,927	7.3%	\$ 10,288,324	12.9%
Residential Metered	75,113	79.3%	43,957,551	55.0%
Commercial and Irrigation	8,702	9.2%	10,885,539	13.6%
Other (2)	3,965	4.2%	11,031,924	13.8%
Wholesale	2	%	3,748,276	4.7%
Total	94,709	100.0%	\$ 79,911,614	100.0%
		20	12	
Category	Average Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Fiscal Year Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential-Unmetered	7,699	8.2%	\$ 10,899,330	14.3%
Residential Metered	73,836	78.3%	41,476,536	54.3%
Commercial and Irrigation	8,695	9.2%	19,245,940	25.2%
Other (2)	4,088	4.3%	1,356,952	1.8%
Wholesale	2	%	3,473,100	4.5%
Total	94,320	100.0%	\$ 76,451,858	100.0%
		20	11	
Category	Average Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Fiscal Year Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential -Unmetered	8,685	9.3%	\$ 11,611,351	16.3%
Residential Metered	72,457	77.3%	37,636,859	52.7%
Commercial and Irrigation	8,564	9.1%	17,921,409	25.1%
Other (2)	4,078	4.3%	1,300,515	1.8%
Wholesale	2		2,938,106	4.1%
Total	93,786	100.0%	\$ 71,408,240	100.0%
		20	10	
Category	Average Number of Accounts	% of Total Accounts	Fiscal Year Water Revenues (1)	% of Total Revenues
Residential-Unmetered	10,403	11.1%		18.4%
Residential Metered	70,556	75.6%	35,962,518	50.5%
Commercial and Irrigation	8,465	9.1%	17,872,178	25.1%
Other (2)	3,943	4.2%	1,134,786	1.6%
Wholesale	7	—%	3,136,081	4.4%
Total	93,374	100.0%		100.0%
*E: 137 2015 Cl + d C + Cd + CH + CH	1:1.:	100.070	1.00	100.070

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Water Revenues are revenues that are billed and estimated for the fiscal year periods. Estimated revenues are revenues for water deliveries just prior to fiscal year end that are unbilled until July of the next fiscal year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes non metered private fire protection services located on the premises of commercial and some residential customers.

Coverage	Carrier/Policy	Term	Limits/Deductible
Property/Boiler and Machinery Policy	America Home Assurance Company (AIG)	6/11/2017 to 6/11/2019	Blanket limit of \$464,064,202 per occurrence with sublimits of \$50,000,000 for Earth Movement (excluding CA properties) and \$10,000,000 for flood (excluding Glendale plant). Equipment Breakdown \$100,000,000. Deductibles for flood and earth movement are \$100,000 per occurrence for each location; general policy deductible is \$25,000.
General Liability and Business Automobile Policy	Philadelphia Indemnity Insurance Company	6/11/2018 to 6/11/2019	First \$1,000,000 in liability limits. General Liability Aggregate limit of \$3,000,000 Inland Marine Physical Damage \$834,750. General liability deductible of \$25,000 per occurrence. Auto Physical Damage deductible of \$1,000.
Excess Umbrella Liability Policy	Philadelphia Indemnity Insurance Company	6/11/2018 to 6/11/2019	First Layer Excess Liability limit of \$10,000,000.
	Travelers Insurance Company	6/11/2018 to 6/11/2019	Second Layer Excess Liability Limit of \$10,000,000.
Workers' Compensation	Employer's Insurance Company of Nevada	6/11/2018 to 6/11/2019	Fully insured for statutory limits under Workers' Compensation with no deductible. Policy also provides \$1,000,000 limit for Employer's Liability.
Employee Health Insurance	By contract with the City of Reno's health insurance programs	6/11/2018 to 6/11/2019	Varies by plan selected.
Commercial Crime/ Government Crime	Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland	6/11/2018 to 6/11/2019	Employee Theft/Forgery or Alteration Computer Fraud/Funds Transfer Fraud \$3,000,000 per loss. Employee Theft including expenses, Inside/Outside Premises Money and Securities, Robbery or Safe Burglary, Money Orders, Counterfeit Currency, Credit Card Forgery, Faithful Performance, Telephone Toll \$1,000,000.
	Zurich		Fraudulent Impersonation \$250,000.
Network Security/ Cyber Risk	Ace American Insurance Company	6/11/2018 to 6/11/2019	Network Information, Communications Media, Regulatory Defense, Crisis Management, Security Breach Remediation, Computer Program/Data Restoration, Computer Fraud, E-Commerce Extortion Business Interruption \$3,000,000. Crisis Management Expenses \$1,000,000.
Kidnap and Ransom	National Union Fire Insurance Company	6/11/2018 to 6/11/2019	Ransom, In-Transit Delivery, Expenses, Judgements, Settlements, and Defense \$3,000,000 Death or Dismemberment \$250,000/\$1,250,000 person/event. Disappearance/Threat \$100,000, Hostage Crisis \$500.000

	Fiscal Year											
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010		
A 1 Company of the Co	20	20	2.5	20	22	20	10	20	22	22		
Administration/IT	30	28	25	28	22	20	18	20	22	22		
Supply/Treatment Operations	44	40	40	32	30	31	26	27	28	28		
Distribution Maintenance	71	65	65	63	62	48	45	44	42	45		
Hydroelectric	7	7	7	6	6	6	7	8	7	5		
Customer Service/Conservation	23	23	25	25	24	20	26	33	28	41		
Water Planning/Resources	15	15	17	19	19	13	15	12	13	14		
Engineering/Construction	31	28	25	24	23	14	15	11	14	15		
Total Authorized Employees	221	206	204	197	186	152	152	155	154	170		

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

										Fiscal	Year									
		2019			2018			2017			2016			2015*		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	TMWA	WC	STMGID	TMWA	WC	STMGID	TMWA	WC	STMGID	TMWA	WC	STMGID	TMWA	WC	STMGID					
Customer Charg	es by Meter	· Size																		
3/4"	19.67	18.49	10.07	19.67	18.49	10.07	19.10	17.95	9.77	18.54	17.43	9.49	18.54	17.43	9.49	19	17	17	16	16
1"	21.64	23.79	12.32	21.64	23.79	12.32	21.01	23.09	11.96	20.40	22.42	11.61	20.40	22.42	11.61	20.40	18.80	18.80	17.30	17.30
1 1/2"	24.61	34.02	17.47	24.61	34.02	17.47	23.90	33.03	16.96	23.20	32.07	16.47	23.20	32.07	16.47	23.20	21.40	21.40	19.60	19.60
2"	28.54	45.36	n/a	28.54	45.36	n/a	27.71	44.04	n/a	26.9	42.76	n/a	26.90	42.76	n/a	26.90	24.80	24.80	22.80	22.80
3"	32.46	73.04	n/a	32.46	73.04	n/a	31.52	70.92	n/a	30.6	68.85	n/a	30.60	68.85	n/a	30.60	28.20	28.20	25.90	25.90
4"	37.34	106.98	n/a	37.34	106.98	n/a	36.26	103.87	n/a	35.2	100.84	n/a	35.20	100.84	n/a	35.20	32.50	32.50	29.80	29.80
6"	43.28	195.05	n/a	43.28	195.05	n/a	42.02	189.37	n/a	40.8	183.85	n/a	40.80	183.85	n/a	40.80	37.70	37.70	34.50	34.50
Commodity Cha	rge (all met	er sizes)																		
TMWA Tier 1	1.82			1.82			1.77			1.72			1.72			1.72	1.72	1.72	1.72	1.72
TMWA Tier 2	2.95			2.95			2.86			2.78			2.78			2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78
TMWA Tier 3	3.45			3.45			3.35			3.25			3.25			3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
WC Tier 1		2.78			2.78			2.70			2.62			2.62		Ī		I		
WC Tier 2		3.47			3.47			3.37			3.27			3.27						
WC Tier 3		4.17			4.17			4.05			3.93			3.93						
WC Tier 4		5.57			5.57			5.41			5.25			5.25						
STMGID Tier 1			1.44			1.44			1.40			1.36			1.36	Ī		I		
STMGID Tier 2			1.91			1.91			1.85			1.80			1.80					
STMGID Tier 3			2.34			2.34			2.28			2.21			2.21					
STMGID Tier 4			2.74			2.74			2.66			2.58			2.58					
STMGID Tier 5			2.90			2.90			2.81			2.73			2.73			i		
Above rates are fo	or metered si	ingle family	y residential	service.						•										
Monthly Base Ra	ates (Meter	Size)																		
3/4"	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	46.26	100.63	89.82	44.91	100.63	89.82	44.91	100.63	94.10	94.10	86.30	86.30
1"	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	46.26	144.90	90.18	44.91	144.90	90.18	44.91	144.90	135.50	135.50	124.30	124.30
1 1/2"	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	46.26	262.60	92.12	44.91	262.60	92.12	44.91	262.60	245.60	245.60	225.20	225.20
2"	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	46.26	374.30	93.55	44.91	374.30	93.55	44.91	374.30	350.10	350.10	321.00	321.00
3"	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	46.26	469.90	94.96	44.91	469.90	94.96	44.91	469.90	439.40	439.40	403.00	403.00
4"	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	47.65	n/a	n/a	46.26	595.70	99.18	44.91	595.70	99.18	44.91	595.70	557.10	557.10	510.00	510.00
6"	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Above rates are fo	or unmeterea	l single fan	nily resident	ial service.																
TMWA rates took	effect on Jui	ne 11, 2001	l, and were	revised effec	tive May 2	009, May 2	010, Februa	ary 2012, F	ebruary 20	14, June 201	6, May 20	17, and May	v 2018							

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

		Fiscal Year									
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Miles of water mains	2,019	1,986	1,961	1,940	1,915	1,341	1,337	1,352	1,339	1,332	
Number of storage tanks	95	88	93	93	93	42	42	42	42	42	
Number of Finished Water Storage	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Number of pump stations	114	113	113	121	112	93	94	95	94	96	
Number of wells	100	82	81	79	86	32	32	32	32	32	
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons/day)											
Glendale Plant	34.5	34.5	34.5	34.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	25.0	25.0	
Chalk Bluff	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	
Longley Lane	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	_	_	_		_		

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

	Final Maturity Date	Authorized	Balance June 30, 2019	Balance June 30, 2018	Balance June 30, 2017	Balance June 30, 2016	Balance June 30, 2015	Balance June 30, 2014	Balance June 30, 2013	Balance June 30, 2012	Balance June 30, 2011	Balance June 30, 2010
2001 A Water Revenue (Tax Exempt) Bonds 3.70%-5.50%	7/1/2034	\$ 448,810,000	s –	* –	<u> </u>	s –	\$ —	s –	s –	\$ —	\$ 8,810,000	\$ 28,590,000
2005 Water Revenue DWSRF (Tax Exempt) Bonds 3.21%	1/1/2025	4,669,565	1,824,283	2,095,861	2,358,926	2,613,744	2,860,578	3,099,675	3,331,277	3,555,620	3,772,931	3,983,431
2005 A Water Revenue (Tax Exempt) Bonds 4.25%-5.00%	7/1/2036	40,000,000	_	_	_	_	890,000	34,795,000	35,620,000	36,415,000	37,180,000	37,920,000
2006 Water Revenue (Tax Exempt) Refunding Bonds 3.50%-4.875%	7/1/2034	150,745,000	_	_	_	400,000	148,415,000	148,785,000	149,140,000	149,485,000	149,815,000	150,135,000
2007 Water Revenue (Tax Exempt) Refunding Bonds 4.00%-5.00%	7/1/2030	218,975,000	_	_	_	214,290,000	214,800,000	215,285,000	215,745,000	216,185,000	216,605,000	217,005,000
2009 A Water Revenue DWSRF ARRA (Tax Exempt) Bonds 0%	7/1/2029	2,401,120	1,298,522	1,422,190	1,545,859	1,669,527	1,793,197	1,916,866	2,040,534	2,164,202	2,282,661	2,309,945
2010 Water Revenue (Tax Exempt) Refunding Bonds 5.00%	7/1/2015	28,240,000	_	_	_	_	9,435,000	19,855,000	28,240,000	28,240,000	28,240,000	28,240,000
2010 A Water Revenue DWSRF (Tax Exempt) Bonds 3.25%	1/1/2030	4,381,614	3,100,507	3,331,595	3,555,353	3,772,013	3,981,798	4,184,928	4,381,614	4,381,614	3,921,904	201,110
2014 Water Revenue DWSRF (Tax Exempt) Bonds 2.81%	1/1/2025	9,109,437	5,529,367	6,364,231	7,176,120	7,965,667	8,733,487	_	_	_	_	_
2015-A Water Revenue (Tax Exempt) Refunding Bonds 2.00%-5.00%	7/1/2036	28,750,000	26,185,000	27,070,000	27,920,000	28,750,000	28,750,000	_	_	_	_	_
2015-B Water Revenue DWSRF (Tax Exempt) Bonds 2.62%	1/1/2035	15,000,000	8,195,717	8,589,045	8,971,562	8,239,034	_	_	_	_	_	_
2016 Water Revenue (Tax Exempt) Refunding Bonds 5.00%	1/1/2025	124,790,000	124,790,000	124,790,000	124,790,000	124,790,000	_	_	_	_	_	_
2017 Water Revenue (Tax Exempt) Refunding Bonds 4.50% -5.00%	1/1/2025	147,415,000	147,415,000	147,415,000	147,415,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2018 Water Revenue (Tax Exempt) Refunding Bonds $5.00\%$	7/1/2039	38,835,000	38,835,000	38,835,000								
Subtotal			357,173,396	359,912,922	323,732,820	392,489,985	419,659,060	427,921,468	438,498,425	440,426,436	450,627,496	468,384,486
Less unamortized net bond discount (premium)			(47,320,705)	(52,014,598)	(51,182,862)	(28,441,399)	(3,673,290)	(35,590)	(661,198)	(1,286,806)	(3,440,321)	(4,371,510)
Total debt before tax exempt commercial paper			404,494,101	411,927,520	374,915,682	420,931,384	423,332,350	427,957,058	439,159,623	441,713,242	454,067,817	472,755,996
Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper		\$ 148,600,000	23,500,000	30,000,000	83,400,000	87,800,000	95,000,000	68,000,000	68,000,000	79,400,000	79,400,000	68,000,000
Total Debt			\$ 427,994,101	\$ 441,927,520	\$ 458,315,682	\$ 508,731,384	\$ 518,332,350	\$ 495,957,058	\$ 507,159,623	\$ 521,113,242	\$ 533,467,817	\$ 540,755,996

					Fisca	l Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Total Debt	\$ 357,173,396	\$359,912,922	\$407,132,820	\$480,289,985	\$514,659,060	\$495,921,468	\$506,498,425	\$519,826,436	\$ 530,027,496	\$ 536,384,486
Total Service Connections	122,597	120,746	118,348	116,653	114,529	89,070	88,268	87,464	87,013	86,781
Debt per Service Connection	\$ 2,913	\$ 2,981	\$ 3,440	\$ 4,117	\$ 4,494	\$ 5,568	\$ 5,738	\$ 5,943	\$ 6,091	\$ 6,181

Note: Service Connections include residential and commercial connections only. Irrigation, fire protection, and wholesale connections have been excluded.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2015 reflects the first year of the water utility consolidation as discussed in Note 1 of the Financial Statements.

Compliance Section

Truckee Meadows Water Authority



## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors
Truckee Meadows Water Authority
Reno, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Truckee Meadows Water Authority (TMWA), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise TMWA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2019.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered TMWA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of TMWA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of TMWA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether TMWA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reno, Nevada

November 25, 2019

Esde Saelly LLP



#### **Auditor's Comments**

To the Board of Directors Truckee Meadows Water Authority Reno, Nevada

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Truckee Meadows Water Authority (TMWA) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that TMWA failed to comply with the specific requirements of Nevada Revised Statutes cited below. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding TMWA's noncompliance with the requirements of Nevada Revised Statutes cited below, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

#### **Statute Compliance**

The required disclosure on compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code is contained in Note 2 to the financial statements.

#### **Progress on Prior Year Statute Compliance**

TMWA conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Prior Year Recommendations**

There were no findings for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Current Year Recommendations**

Esde Saelly LLP

We noted no material weaknesses and reported no significant deficiencies in internal control for the current year.

Reno, Nevada

November 25, 2019